

| J. P.          |  | Captiv. of<br>Jehoiak. | Captiv. of<br>Jehoiach. |  | Zede-<br>kiah's<br>Capt. |
|----------------|--|------------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 4154<br>55. 1. |  | 46]                    | 37                      | Jehoiachin delivered from prison in the 12th Jewish month, 25th day; answering to about the 10th of March. He died before Evilme-rodach. I would place the vision of the ram and he-goat, in the prophet Daniel, this year See PREF. | 27                       |
| 55<br>55. 2.   | According to Herodotus and Ctesias, Astyages was deposed this year by Cyrus: if so, it was in concert with Darius, the Mede; and probably he held the crown of Persia while he joined his army with that of Darius against the Babylonians.  | 47                     |                         | Æsop, the fabulist, flourishes at this time.   | 28                       |
| 56<br>55. 3.   | Herodotus adds, that the Median kingdom lasted 132 years, excluding the 28 years of the Scythian invasion.   | 48                     |                         | N. B. Solon's visit to Cræsus was most probably in this year; soon after which he died. Pisistratus's first expulsion.   | 29                       |
| 57<br>55. 4.   | During the government of Pisistratus at Athens, Miltiades, son of Cypselus, of the family of Philæus, son of Ajax (who had settled in Athens soon after the Trojan war), had great influence, and was chosen by the Dolonci as their chief, and possessed the Thracian Chersonesus. This Miltiades fought with the | 49                     |                         | In this year must be placed the vision of Eddras, 2d Book, ch. iii.<br>Armenia begins to revolt from Media, but is reduced by Cyrus. XENOPH.   | 30                       |
| 58<br>56. 1.   | people of Lampſacus, and was taken prisoner. Soon after restored, at the menace of Cræsus, king of Lydia.  | 50                     |                         | Stesichorus, the poet, dies. SUIDAS.   | 31                       |
| 59<br>56. 2.   |  | 51                     |                         | If Nabonadius be the Belshazzar of Daniel, the vision of the 4 beasts must be placed here. Daniel, ch. vii.  | 32                       |
| 60<br>56. 3.   | Miltiades dying without children, soon after, left the dominion to Stesagoras, his nephew; who seems to have held it till after the death of Pisistratus. The time not exactly ascertained. HEROD.   | 52                     |                         | Pythagoras is said about this time to have visited Thales. JAMBlichus.   | 33                       |
| 61<br>56.      |  | 53                     |                         | If this were the 3d of Belshazzar, place the vision of the ram and he-goat in this year.   | 34                       |



| Egyptian Annals.  | Tyrian Annals. | Era of Nabonassar.  | Lydian Kings.   | Median Kings.    | A.C.                     |
|---|----------------|---|---|------------------|--------------------------|
| 10] AMASIS.<br>MYTGONUS and GERASTRATUS, sons of Abdelemus, judges.   | [1]            | 188] ΙΑΟΑΡΟΥΔΑΜΟΥ.<br>Sir J. Marsham supposes Evilmerodach to be the Belshazzar of Daniel.  | [2] ALYATTES.<br>57] Alyattes dies in Lydia this year; which is the last also of Astyages, king of Media, who is succeeded by DARIUS, the Mede.   | ASTYAGES<br>[35] | 560                      |
| 11] Cyrus began his reign, according to Ctesias, the 30th year before his death. Herodotus says he reigned 29 complete years; but over what country is not known. These two authors say, he conquered Media at this time. See PREF. | [2]            | 189] ΝΗΡΙΚΑΣΣΟΛΑΣΣΑΡΟΥ.<br>Jan. 10.<br>Evilmerodach, in his 3d year, murdered by NERIGLISSAR, his sister's husband; a warlike prince.<br>JOSEPHUS CONT. APIONEM.  | [1] CROESUS mounts the throne of Lydia in his 35th year.<br>HEROD.<br>Solon retires from Athens.  | [1]              | 559                      |
| 12] dia at this time. See PREF.   | [3]            | 190] Neriglissar was, all his reign, engaged in a war with the Medes; many nations being in the alliance.   | 2] Anacreon, of Teos, flourishes about this time.<br>Croesus attacks and conquers the cities of Ionia.  | [2]              | 558                      |
| 13] Simonides, the poet, born about this time; who lived to the age of 90. PAR. CHR.<br>N. B. The Armenians at this time tributary to the Medes.<br>XENOPH. CYROP.  | [4]            | 191] Jozadak, the son of Seraiah, the High Priest of Jerusalem, probably died at Babylon about this time; as, according to some, Jehu was High Priest 53 years.   | 3] Near this time Atys, the son of Croesus, is killed accidentally by Adrastus. The father mourns to the 2d year. HEROD.<br>The Temple of Jupiter Olympius begun by Pisistratus, and continued by his sons. | [3]              | 557                      |
| 14] According to Herodotus, Anaxandrides and Aristo were now kings of Sparta, and victorious over the Tegeans.  | [5]            | 192] Croesus, the ally of Neriglissar, attends him in the war against the Medes.  | 4]  | [4]              | 556<br>Euthydemus, Arch. |
| 15] N. B. Neriglissar was defeated by the Medes, and slain this year. Xenophon's Cyropædia confirms this point of history.  | [6]            | 193] ΝΑΒΟΝΑΔΙΟΥ.<br>Jan. 9,<br>Laborosoarchod, son of Neriglissar, reigned after him; but as he was slain in the 9th month of his reign, he is not mentioned in the Canon. NABONADIUS succeeds, the grandson of Neriglissar; for, according to Jeremiah, the nations were to serve him, and his son, and his son's son. | 5] Croesus, and the allies of Babylon, being baffled, return to their several countries.  | [5]              | 555                      |
| 16] BALATOR.<br>About this time Gobryas and Gaddatas, Babylonians of great power, revolt to Cyrus. XENOPH.  | [1]            | 194] buchadnezzar; for, according to Jeremiah, the nations were to serve him, and his son, and his son's son.   | 6]  | [6]              | 554                      |
| 17] MERBAL,<br>sent for from Babylon.   | [1]            | 195] Josephus takes this Nabonadius to be the Belshazzar of Daniel; in which he is followed by Usher, Newton, and many others. See PREF.  | 7]  | [7]              | 553                      |



| J. P.          |   |  | Captiv. of<br>Jehoiak. |  | Zedeki-<br>ah's Cap-<br>tivity. |
|----------------|---|--|------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 4162<br>57. 1. | Alcmæon, son of Megacles, being in high esteem at Athens, entertains the ambassadors, sent by Cræsus to Delphi. For this he is enriched by Cræsus. HEROD. |  | 54                     |  | 35                              |
| 63<br>57. 2.   | Clisthenes, king of Sicyon, proposes his daughter, Agarista, to the most deserving of the Greeks. *   |  | 55                     | War between Sparta and Argos, about Thyrea. Spartans victorious. Cræsus makes an alliance with them. HEROD.                            | 36                              |
| 64<br>57. 3.   | Megacles, the son of Alcmæon, is chosen by Clisthenes, in preference to many other suitors. The trial of their several merits continued a whole year. *   |  | 56                     | Orpheus of Crotona, an epic poet, much favoured by Pisistratus. SUIDAS. Time uncertain.  | 37                              |
| 65<br>57. 4.   | The Alcmæonidæ are about this time banished Athens.   |  | 57                     |  | 38                              |
| 66<br>58. 1.   |   |  | 58                     |  | 39                              |
| 67<br>58. 2.   | Pisistratus again expelled from Athens by the Alcmæonidæ. *   |  | 59                     | Cræsus prepares to attack Cappadocia, then subject to the Medes.   | 40                              |
| 68<br>58. 3.   |   |  | 60                     | N. B. The Lydians, when Cræsus was taken, revolt very soon under Pactyas; but are reduced by Mazares, and Pactyas delivered up. HEROD. | 41                              |



| Egyptian Annals.   | Tyrian Annals. | Era of Nabonassar.  | Lydian Kings.   | Median Kings. | A.C.                      |
|--|----------------|---|---|---------------|---------------------------|
| AMASIS.<br>[18]  | MERBAL.<br>[2] | 196] NABONADIOY: [4]<br>Abradatas, king of Susa, revolts to<br>the army of Cyrus. XENOPH.   | 8] CRÆSUS. DARIUS. [8]<br>Cræsus sends great presents to the<br>Delphian Oracle.  |               | 552                       |
| 19]  | [3]            | 197] Jan. 8. [5]<br>Nabonadius about this time sends<br>great treasures to Cræsus, his ally.  | 9] Pisistratus reduces the island [9]<br>of Naxos, after his first return from<br>exile. Year uncertain.                                |               | 551                       |
| 20] N. B. There were 10,000 [4]<br>Egyptians in the army of Cræsus;<br>probably fugitive foldiers, who hired<br>themselves out to foreign powers.  |                | 198] [6]  | 10] Cræsus hires an army of [10]<br>Egyptians, and other nations, to op-<br>pose the Medes. XENOPH. HEROD.                              |               | 550                       |
| 21] HIROM, [1]<br>brother to Merbal.   |                | 199] Cyrus endeavours to seduce [7]<br>the cities of Ionia to revolt from Cræ-<br>sus; but in vain.   | 11] [11]  |               | 549                       |
| 22] Pythagoras, by the advice [2]<br>of Thales, visits Egypt; but soon re-<br>turns.   |                | 200] [8]  | 12] The 4th Delphic Temple [12]<br>built by Trophonius, was burnt this<br>year. PAUSAN.   |               | 548<br>Erechides, Archon. |
| 23]  | [3]            | 201] Jan. 7. [9]  | 13] Thales, of Miletus, dies [13]<br>about this time. DIOG. LAER.<br>Anaximander, the philosopher, dies<br>about this time. DIOG. LAER. |               | 547                       |
| 24] Spintharus, an architect of [4]<br>Corinth, rebuilds the Temple at Del-<br>phi. Time uncertain. Anaximenes,<br>the Milesian, dies. DIOG. LAER. |                | 202] Cyrus marches to assist the [10]<br>Cappadocians, and meets Cræsus on<br>the borders of Lydia. Herodotus calls<br>this the battle of Pteria. Abradatas<br>slain. | 14] Cræsus defeated by Cyrus, [14]<br>Sardes taken, and the Lydian kingdom<br>overturned.   |               | 546                       |



| J. P.          |  |  | Captiv. of<br>Jehoiak. |   | Zede-<br>kiah's<br>Capt. |
|----------------|--|--|------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| 4169<br>58. +. |  |  | 61                     | Harpagus, the general of Cyrus, marches about this time into Ionia, and reduces the sea coast. Many of the people of Phocæa abandon their country, and found colonies at Velia and Neapolis. HEROD.<br>Others place these colonies about 30 years | 42                       |
| 70<br>59. 1.   |  |  | 62                     | before; but there might be two migrations. Caria and Lycia reduced by Harpagus. Chios and the islands are saved; the Persians having no fleet.  | 43                       |
| 71<br>59. 2.   |  |  | 63                     |   | 44                       |
| 72<br>59. 3.   |  |  | 64                     |   | 45                       |
| 73<br>59. 4.   |  |  | 65                     |   | 46                       |
| 74<br>60. 1.   |  |  | 66                     |   | 47                       |
| 75<br>60. 2.   |  |  | 67                     | In this Olympiad Pythagoras was at his highest reputation as a philosopher. His school continued, it is said, for 19 generations; probably successions. DIOG. LAER.   | 48                       |
| 76<br>60. 3.   |  |  | 68                     |   | 49                       |



| Egyptian Annals.  | Tyrian Annals.   | Era of Nabonassar.   | Median Kings.  | A. C. |
|---|--|--|--|-------|
| AMASIS.<br>25] Amasis, king of Egypt, [5<br>is said to have contributed greatly to<br>wards the rebuilding the Temple of<br>Delphi. | HIROM.<br>[5   | 203] NABONADIOY. [11<br>Cyrus, on his return from Sardes,<br>subdues all the Upper Asia. The ex-<br>act time of each conquest not known. | D A R I U S. [15<br>Theognis, a poet of Attica, began to<br>compose about this time. The Ly-<br>dian kingdom being overturned, the<br>Greeks begin to fear the power of the<br>Medes.            | 545   |
| 26] At this time the Phœni- [6<br>cians not subject to the Medes. HEROD.  | 204] [12   |  | [16  | 544   |
| 27]   | 7] 205] Jan. 6. [13  |  | Pherecydes, of Syros, is said [17<br>to have flourished about the 59th Olym-<br>piad. DIOG. LAER.<br>This was the earliest prose writer,<br>says Pliny; who places him in the<br>reign of Cyrus. | 543   |
| 28]   | 8] 206] [14  |  | [18  | 542   |
| 29]   | 9] 207] [15  |  | [19  | 541   |
| 30]   | 10] 208] Cyrus and the Medes make [16<br>war on Babylon, and march this year<br>to the river Gyndes, where they rest all<br>the summer. HEROD. |  | Bupalus and Anthernus, two [20<br>celebrated carvers in Chios. PLIN.   | 540   |
| 31]   | 11] 209] Jan. 5. [17<br>Cyrus marches with all his forces as<br>far as the walls of Babylon, which he<br>besieges for some time in vain.       |  | Pherecydes, of Syros, dies. [21<br>Pythagoras is said to have buried him<br>in Delos. EUSEB.   | 539   |
| 32]   | 12] 210] ΠΕΡΣΩΝ ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΣ. [1<br>ΚΥΡΟΥ.<br>The Babylonians, most probably, re-<br>volted from Darius, headed by CYRUS.                          |  | Darius, the Mede, and Cyrus, [22<br>conjointly take Babylon this year.<br>Daniel is delivered from the lions by a<br>miracle. Darius 62 years old.   | 538   |



| J. P.          |  |  | Captiv. of<br>Jeheaiak. |  | Zede-<br>kiah's<br>Capt. |
|----------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 4177<br>60. 4. |  |  | 69                      |  | 50                       |
| 78<br>61. 1.   | Cyrus was most probably at the palace of the Medes in this year; for the edict, in favour of the Jews, was dated at Achmetha, which was the same as Ecbatana.<br>See JOSEPHUS. |  | 70                      | The Jews are permitted to return, by an edict of Cyrus, with the vessels of the Temple. Those that returned were 42,360, and 7,337 servants. In the 7th month the altar is set up. | 51                       |
| 79<br>61. 2.   |  |  |                         | In the 2d year after the return, the foundation of the Temple is laid; but interrupted soon after by the Samaritans. Ezra, ch. i, ii, iii, iv.                                     | 52                       |
| 80<br>61. 3.   |  |  |                         | Zorobabel, of the line of David, was the leader in this expedition, as well as Jeshua, now High Priest, the son of Jozadak, who died at Babylon.                                   | 53                       |
| 81<br>61. 4.   |  |  |                         |  | 54                       |
| 82<br>62. 1.   |  |  |                         |  | 55                       |
| 83<br>62. 2.   |  |  |                         |  | 56                       |
| 84<br>62. 3.   |  |  |                         | N. B. The brothers of Polycrates, Sylofon and Pantagnotus, share the power with him.<br>EUSEB.   | 57                       |



| Egyptian Annals.  | Tyrian Annals. | Era of Nabonassar.   | Median Kings.  | A. C.                  |
|---|----------------|--|--|------------------------|
| AMIASIS.<br>33] N. B. The Median king-<br>dom continued 172 years, from Deio-<br>ces to Darius; but from Arbaces 238<br>years.  | HIROM.<br>[13  | 211] KYPOT.<br>[2 During this year there was a war be-<br>tween Cyrus and the Medes. The<br>Medes defeated at Pafargadæ, in Per-<br>sia. The empire destroyed.         | D A R I U S. [23<br>During the reigns of Cyrus and<br>Cambyfes, the Carthaginians were very<br>powerful at sea, as appears from Hero-<br>dotus and Thucydides. | 537                    |
| 34] At this time, most prob-<br>ably, Cyrus released many captive<br>Egyptians; who, returning into Egypt,<br>restored the country to its former state.<br>This is the end of the 40 years cala-<br>mity, predicted by Ezek. ch. xxix. ver. 11. | [14            | 212] Cyrus rules over Media, [3<br>Babylonia, and Persia; from the Eux-<br>ine Sea to the Gulf of Persia; from<br>the Indies to the Mediterranean.<br>XENOPH.          | 2d return of Pisistratus to Athens.  | 536                    |
| 35]   | [15            | 213] Jan. 4. [4<br>Xenophon adds Egypt to the con-<br>quests of Cyrus; but this is not proved<br>from history, nor does he seem certain<br>of the fact himself.        | Thespis introduced theatric repre-<br>sentations, in this Olympiad, into<br>Greece. SUIDAS. PAR. CHR.  | 535                    |
| 36]   | [16            | 214] [5  |  | 534                    |
| 37]   | [17            | 215] [6  | TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS suc-<br>ceeds Servius Tullius, 4th year 61st<br>Olympiad. DION. HAL.   | 533<br>Heracles, Arch. |
| 38]   | [18            | 216] [7  |  | 532                    |
| 39]   | [19            | 217] Jan. 3. [8  | According to Eusebius, Polycrates<br>seized the power, at this time, in the<br>island of Samos.  | 531                    |
| 40]   | [20            | 218] Cyrus is said to have marched [9<br>against the Northern nations in the<br>latter part of his reign; though this<br>contradicts Xenophon's relation.<br>See PREF. | Aristotle commends him for em-<br>ploying the Samians in great works;<br>one of which was probably the Temple<br>of Juno.                                      | 530                    |



| J. P.  |  |  |  |  | Zeph.<br>Erat.<br>Olym. |
|--------|--|--|--|--|-------------------------|
| 4185   |  |  |  |  | 58                      |
| 62. 2. |  |  |  |  |                         |
| 86     |  |  |  |  | 59                      |
| 63. 1. |  |  |  |  |                         |
| 87     | Cimon, the Athenian, father of the great Miltiades, is about this time put to death, by the sons of Pisistratus. HEROD.  |  |  |  | 60                      |
| 63. 2. |  |  |  |  |                         |
| 88     |  |  |  | The Samians, who were banished by Polycrates, apply to the Spartans; who, about this time, join with them, and attack Samos, but are repulsed. | 61                      |
| 63. 3. |  |  |  |  |                         |
| 89     | Pythagoras, being taken by Cambyfes, is carried to Babylon, aged 44, where he resided 12 years. This account of Jamblichus seems to be very erroneous. It is more probable he was at this time 80. |  |  | The Samian exiles ravage Siphnos, then a rich island; and afterwards land in Crete, and settle at Cydonia, where they stayed 5 years.          | 62                      |
| 63. 4. |  |  |  |  |                         |
| 90     | Etruscans, Umbrians, and Daunians, make war upon Cumæ, in Italy. DION. HAL.  |  |  | Anacreon, of Teos, and Simonides, of Ceos, both poets, are greatly favoured by Hipparchus. PLATO.  | 63                      |
| 64. 1. |  |  |  |  |                         |
| 91     |  |  |  | Mæandrius, a Samian, assumes the power at Samos, after the death of Polycrates. HEROD.   | 64                      |
| 64. 2. |  |  |  |  |                         |
| 92     |  |  |  |  | 65                      |
| 64. 3. |  |  |  |  |                         |



| Egyptian Annals.   | Era of Nabonassar.   | Contemporary Events.   | A.C.                      |
|--|--|--|---------------------------|
| 41] A M A S I S.   | 219] KAMBYSEOT. [1<br>Cyrus being slain, CAMBYSES, his son, takes the crown. Some time after there were great dissensions in the family, and Smerdis, the only brother of Cambyfes, is slain by his order. | Rhæcus, and Theodorus, Samians, great architects, and who first brought the casting of brass figures to perfection.                        | 529                       |
| 42]  | 220] [2  | Polycrates recommends Pythagoras, the philosopher, to Amasis, of Egypt.  | 528                       |
| 43] About this time Amasis renounces the alliance of Polycrates, of Samos.   | 221] Jan. 2. [3<br>Cambyfes is furnished by Polycrates with 40 gallies, manned with persons whom he suspected, and afterwards banished.  | Hippias and Hipparchus take the government on the death of Pisistratus; 18 years before their expulsion.                                   | 527                       |
| 44] Amasis dies, in his 44th year, when Cambyfes was preparing to invade his kingdom. HEROD.   | 222] [4  | Polycrates banishes his brother, Sylofon; who retires to Cambyfes. The Pisistratidæ, about this time, make an alliance with Sparta. HEROD. | 526                       |
| PSAMMENITUS, having reigned six months, is defeated, made captive, and slain by Cambyfes, who reduces Egypt to be a Persian province.                              | 223] Cambyfes, in this year, [5<br>marches against Egypt, and conquers it; the councils of Egypt being betrayed by Comphabeus, an eunuch. CTESIAS.   | N. B. Ctesias calls the king of Egypt, whom Cambyfes conquered, Amyrtæus; and says he was sent to Susa with 6,000 Egyptians.               | 525                       |
| From Herodotus it is plain, the Tyrians, though subject to the Persians, had a great fleet at this time; and that the Persian king was in some awe of their power. | 224] Cambyfes intending to attack [6<br>Carthage, the Phœnician sailors refuse to conduct his army.  | Æschylus, the poet, born at Eleusis. He was the son of Euphorion. PAR. CHR.  | 524<br>Miltiades, Archon. |
|  | 225] Jan. 1. [7<br><br>Eclipse of the moon, July 16.   | According to Pliny, Polycrates was crucified this year by Oroetes, governor of Sardes. Year of Rome 230, according to Varro's computation. | 523                       |
|  | 226] A Magian, about this time, [8<br>takes the name of SMERDIS, and assumes the throne.   |  | 522                       |



| J. P.  |   |  |   | Zede-<br>kiah's<br>Capt. |
|--------|---|--|---|--------------------------|
| 4193   |   |  |   | 66                       |
| 64. 4. |   |  |   |                          |
| 94     | 2d year of Darius, 6th month, Haggai, the prophet, reproves the Jews for negligence, incites them to build the Temple, and promises God's help to Zorobabel. On this Zorobabel and Jeshua begin to build the house of God; but are molested by the governours, till the decree of Darius. |  | In the 2d year, 8th month, the word of the Lord came to Zechariah, the prophet; and in the 11th month, 24th day (corresponding with the beginning of the 3d year of Darius, in the Canon 229), the vision of the horses must be placed. | 67                       |
| 65. 1. |   |  |   |                          |
| 95     |   |  |   | 68                       |
| 65. 2. |   |  |   |                          |
| 96     |   |  | 4th of Darius, 4th day of the 9th month, Chisleu, viz. about the 20th of November, Zechariah reproveth the fasting; the very latter end of the 69th year of the captivity. Zechariah, ch. vii.  | 69                       |
| 65. 3. |   |  |   |                          |
| 97     | The Temple finished in the 12th month of this year, Adar, corresponding with half of February and March; consequently in the beginning of the 6th year of Darius. Thus  |  |   | 70                       |
| 65. 4. |   |  |   |                          |
| 98     | we see 70 years completed, from the destruction of the old Temple and the finishing of the new. Ezra, ch. vi. ver. 15.  |  |   |                          |
| 66. 1. | N. B. If we reckon the captivity from the 4th month, 9th day, when the city was taken, then the 70th year will not be finished till June, in the 6th of Darius.   |  |   |                          |
| 99     | Pythagoras, about this time, returns from Babylon, being ransomed by Gillus, of Crotona. Fact uncertain. APULEIUS.  |  | About this time, Stefagoras being slain by a deserter in the Thracian Chersonesus, the sons of Pisistratus send his brother, Miltiades, to take the government.   |                          |
| 66. 2. |   |  |   |                          |
| 4200   | Megabyzus, the governour of Thrace, for the king of Persia, takes the cities in Pæonia, and translates the inhabitants into Asia. HEROD.  |  | Miltiades marries Hegesipyle, a daughter of Olorus, king of Thrace; the mother of Cimon. HEROD.   |                          |
| 66. 3. |   |  | Mandrocles, of Samos, a famous artist and painter at this time.   |                          |



| Contemporary Events.   | Era of Nabonassar.   | Contemporary Events.  | A. C. |
|--|--|---|-------|
| About this time the houses and tombs of the Alcmaeonidæ are destroyed by the sons of Pisistratus. ISOCRATES.   | 227] ΔΑΠΕΙΟΥ πρώτῃ. [1<br>Cambyfes is slain in his march from Egypt. Smerdis reigns a few months. Slain by a conspiracy of the seven noble Persians, who appoint Darius, the son of Hyftaspes, descended from Achæmenes. He marries Atossa, daughter of Cyrus. |   | 521   |
| Pindar, the Theban poet, born about this time.<br>Sylofon made prefect of Samos, by Darius.  | 228] Darius having searched the records in Media, finds the decree of Cyrus in favour of the Jews; which he confirms, and orders the Temple to be rebuilt. Ezra, ch. vi. ver. 1—12.  | The Samians, having been settled 5 years at Cydonia, in Crete, are expelled in the 6th by the people of Ægina. HEROD.   | 520   |
| The city of Platæa, in Greece, enters into alliance with Athens, 93 years before its destruction. They had before offered themselves to the Spartans, through Cleomenes, the king; but were refused. The Thebans attack the Platæans, but are repulsed by the Athenians. The Corinthians are mediators, and save Platæa. | 229] Dec. 31. [3<br>Darius, in the first part of his reign, replaced Sylofon in Samos, with the sovereignty of the island. HEROD.  | Eusebius says, these Samians afterwards founded Dicæarchia, afterwards called Puteoli, in Italy.  | 519   |
|  | 230] [4  |   | 518   |
|  | 231] Babylon revolts from Darius, and is besieged all this year. [5  |   | 517   |
|  | 232] Babylon taken by a stratagem of Zopyrus, after having been blocked up 1 year 8 months. HEROD. N. B. Clem. Alex. places this 6 years later; 243 years after Varro's account of Rome's foundation. [6   | N. B. The Parian Chronicle begins the reign of Darius at the taking of Babylon, so that he was not, probably, quite settled till now.   | 516   |
|  | 233] Dec. 30. [7   |   | 515   |
| Sylofon, of Samos, was now dead; for his son Æaces, of Samos, attended Darius into Scythia. Pythagoras returns to Samos, but leaves it soon.   | 234] About this time Darius undertakes an expedition against the Scythians, in which he is baffled: Histæus, of Miletus, saves the Persian army. [8  | According to Ctesias, Darius first ordered Ariamnes, Satrap of Cappadocia, to attack Scythia; who invades them with a fleet of 50 vessels, and takes Masagetes, the king's brother, prisoner. | 514   |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.  | U. C. | Transactions in Greece.  |
|----------------|--|-------|--|
| 4201<br>66. 1. | The Scythians apply to the Spartans to join in attacking the Persians. Cleomenes, the king, is sent as ambassador to Scythia. HEROD.   |       | Miltiades expelled from the Chersonese by an irruption of the Scythians; but is soon restored by the Thracians. HEROD.   |
| 2<br>67. 1.    | The Alcmaeonidæ, yet in exile, rebuild the Delphian Temple. The Oracle encourages the Spartans to deliver Athens. HEROD.   |       | Anchimolius, the Spartan, is sent to deliver Athens, but is defeated and slain. HEROD.<br>Cleomenes, now king of Sparta.   |
| 3<br>67. 2.    |  |       | Cleomenes, king of Sparta, joins the exiled Alcmaeonidæ against Hippias. They march to Athens, but do not succeed at first.  |
| 4<br>67. 3.    | At this time the Phœnician fleets infest the coasts, being stationed at Tenedos. Miltiades abandons the Chersonese, and flies to Athens. His son is taken, and treated well by Darius. HEROD.        |       | The family of Hippias are taken prisoners; on which he submits, and retires from Attica.   |
| 5<br>67. 4.    | At this time, says Eusebius, the dominion of Rome extended only to the 15th mile from the city.  |       | Clisthenes, one of the Alcmaeonidæ at Athens, grandson of Clisthenes, king of Sicyon, and Isagoras, the son of Tisander, contest for power at Athens. Clisthenes prevails, and soon after establishes ten tribes at Athens; the names of all of them taken from the heroes of Athens, except Ajax, who was admitted as a |
| 6<br>68. 1.    | Tarquin being expelled, L. Jun. Brutus, and Tarq. Collatinus, are made CONSULS; afterwards Sp. Lucretius, and P. Val. Publicola I. Then M. Horat. Pulvillus. Census 130,000 fighting men. DION. HAL. | 245   | neighbour, having been chief of Salamis,<br><br>Hecataeus and Dionysius, historians, flourish in the reign of Darius. SUIDAS.  |
| 7<br>68. 2.    | P. V. Publicola II. Tit. Lucretius. War with Persenna, according to Livy, this year. About this time the Crotoniata destroy Sybaris. DION. 63 years before the foundation of Thurium.                | 246   |  |
| 8<br>68. 3.    | P. V. Publicola III. M. Horat. Pulvillus II. or, according to Livy, P. Lucretius.  | 247   | Aristæus succeeds Pythagoras in his school.  |



| Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.   | Contemporary Events.   | A. C.                      |
|---|--|--|----------------------------|
| Aristogiton and Harmodius, this year, slay Hipparchus. Hippias soon after marries his daughter Archedice to Æantides, tyrant of Lampfacus.<br>PAR. CHR.   | 235] ΔΑΡΕΙΟΥ πρώτη. [9<br>Megabyzus, the general of Darius, reduces Thrace, and makes the Macedonians submit, without fighting. Alexander, the son of Amyntas, murders the Persian noblemen; but |  | 513                        |
| Amyntas, king of Macedonia, submits to Darius.  | 236] the affair is stifled by Alexander's contrivance. [10   | Dorieus, brother of Cleomenes, is rejected by the Spartans; though, by his mother, he had a better right to the crown.   | 512                        |
| Phrynicus, the tragedian, flourishes in the 67th Olympiad;—a scholar of Theſpis. SUIDAS.  | 237] Dec. 29. [11  | Dorieus, the Spartan, about this time conducts a colony to Cinyps, in Libya. HEROD.  | 511                        |
| About this time Hippias expelled from Athens, in the 20th year before the battle of Marathon.   | 238] Darius invites Hippias, when banished from Athens. He first retired to Sigeum, but afterwards attends the court of Persia. HEROD. [12   | Anaxagoras, the philosopher, born. DIOG. LAER.   | 510                        |
| Amyntas, king of Macedonia, offers Anthemus, a small city, to Hippias; the Theſſalians, the city Iolcos.<br>HEROD.  | 239] About this time Darius sends Scylax, a Carian, on discoveries, from the Indus to the Arabian gulf. HEROD. [13   | Dorieus, ejected out of Africa by the Libyans and Carthaginians, returns to Peloponnesus. HEROD.   | 509                        |
| Carthage makes the first treaty with Rome, when M. Horatius was consul. The Romans had Latium in alliance, or subject to them, at this time; and the Carthaginians had Africa, Sardinia, and part of Sicily. POLYB. l. iii.   | 240] On the return of Scylax, Darius conquers a part of India, and subjects it to a tribute of 360 talents of gold. HEROD. [14   | About this time Dorieus leads his forces into Sicily. Some say he assisted the Crotoniæ against the Sybarites. It is agreed he was slain not long after by the Ægeſtans and Phœnicians. HEROD. | 508<br>Anaxagoras, Archon. |
| Pythagoras dies, 99 years old.  | 241] Dec. 28. [15<br>Histæus, of Miletus, having displeased Darius by fortifying a town in Thrace, is detained at the court.   | N. B. Cylon formed a conspiracy at Crotona, just before the death of Pythagoras.   | 507                        |
| About this time Otanes, who succeeded Megabyzus as general, takes Byzantium, Chalcedon, Lemnos, and Imbros; being assisted by the Lesbian fleet. Lemnos resists, but is forced to submit to Lycaretus, brother of Maxandrius, tyrant of Samos. Lycaretus slain not long after. HEROD. | 242] The Naxians, having banished the richer citizens, appeal to Aristagoras, who governed Miletus in the place of Histæus, being his nephew. [16  | N. B. Near this time Cleomenes, king of Sparta, attacks Eleusis, in Attica, but without success. This is the fourth expedition of the Dorians into Attica. HEROD.                              | 506                        |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.  | U.C. | Transactions in Greece.  |
|----------------|--|------|--|
| 4209<br>68. 4. | Sp. Lartius, T. Herminius.   | 248  | The party of Isagoras call in Cleomenes of Sparta, who expels Clisthenes and his faction, and afterwards 700 other families, and seizes on the citadel; but is obliged to retire soon after. |
| 10<br>69. 1.   | M. Val. Volusus, P. Postumius Tubertus. Aristodemus gains the sovereignty of Cumæ, in Campania. DION. HAL. | 249  | The party of Clisthenes recalled. The Athenians send an embassy to Sardes. Time uncertain. HEROD.  |
| 11<br>69. 2.   | P. Val. Publicola IV. T. Lucretius II.   | 250  | About this time Hippias endeavours to recover his power in Athens, by Artaphernes, the Persian, who orders the Athenians to receive Hippias again.   |
| 12<br>69. 3.   | P. Postum. Tubertus II. Agrippa Menenius.  | 251  | Sparta refuses aid to Aristagoras; who applies to Athens, where he is more favourably received.  |
| 13<br>69. 4.   | Opiter Virginus Tricoftus, Sp. Cassius Viscellinus.  | 252  | Athens determines to assist the revolted Ionians.<br>Cimon, the Athenian, born about this year.  |
| 14<br>70. 1.   | Postumius Cominius Auruncus, T. Lartius Flavus.  | 253  | The Athenians, joined by the Eretrians, sail with their fleet to Miletus, where the army is disembarked; but not being successful, the Athenians abandon the cause.                          |



| Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.   | Contemporary Events.  | A.C.                        |
|---|--|---|-----------------------------|
|   | 243] ΔΑΡΕΙΟΥ πρῶτος. [17<br>Aristagoras, about this time, endeavours to reduce Naxos for the Persians. Artaphernes gives him forces, and orders Megabates, the Persian, to obey him.<br>Megabates, from envy, baffles the attempt of Aristagoras; who immediately revolts, by the advice of Histæus.   | The Athenians defeat the Bœotians and Chalcideans.<br>N. B. Hippias applies to the Lacedæmonians to restore him; but, from the opposition of the Corinthians, he is refused, though an old ally. He next applies to the Persian governour, Artaphernes. | 505                         |
| Jeshua, the High Priest, dies at Jerusalem, CHR. PASCH. having governed 32 years. Joakim, called also Esdras, his son, High Priest. | 244] [18   |   | 504<br>Acestorides, Archon. |
| The Ionian cities join in the revolt against Darius, some time about the middle of this year.                                       | 245] Dec. 27. [19<br>Isaiah had foretold that Tyre should be restored in 70 years after the desolation; which was completed this year. Isaiah, ch. xxiii. Darius having now a pressing occasion for the fleets of Phœnicia, most probably restored the Tyrians to their city and their trade as before: but it is plain from Zechariah, they were now much enriched by commerce. Zechariah, ch. ix. ver. 3, 4. |   | 503                         |
| Suidas places Hæraclitus, the philosopher, as flourishing in this Olympiad.   | 246] Eclipse of the moon, Nov. 19. [20   |   | 502                         |
| Xanthus Lydius, the historian, flourishes at this time. Herodotus is said to have imitated his style. ATHENÆUS.                     | 247] [21   | About this time Cyprus revolts under Onesilus, of Salamis.  | 501                         |
| Simonides famed for his poetry before the burning of Sardes. HEROD.   | 248] The Athenians and Eretrians join the Ionians; march into Lydia, and take and burn Sardes; but the citadel is defended by Artaphernes. HEROD. The Ionians fly back to Miletus. [22   | The Phœnicians, now favoured by Darius, send their fleet against the revolted Cyprians, and reduce them again to slavery. HEROD.  | 500<br>Myrsus, Archon.      |



| J. P.         | Consular Table.  | U.C. |                       | Transactions in Greece.   |
|---------------|--|------|-----------------------|---|
| 425<br>70. 2. | Ser. Sulpicius Camerinus, M. Tullius Longus.   | 254  |                       | Pratinas, the first satyric writer, flourishes about this time. SUIDAS.   |
| 16<br>70. 3.  | P. Veturius Geminus, T. Æbutius Helva.   | 255  |                       |   |
| 17<br>70. 4.  | T. Lartius II. L. Clælius. First Dictator, T. Lartius. Census 150,700 fighting men.  | 256  |                       | Sophocles, the tragic poet, born about this time. PAR. CHR.   |
| 18<br>71. 1.  | A. Sempron. Atratinus, M. Minucius Augurinus.  | 257  |                       | Hellanicus, the historian, born 65 years before the Peloponnesian war. A. GELL.<br>Empedocles, grandfather of the poet Victor, this Olympiad. D. LAER.  |
| 19<br>71. 2.  | A. Postumius, T. Virginus. Dictator, A. Postumius. Battle of Regillæ. Tarquin dies at Cumæ.  | 258  |                       | Phrynicus, the tragic poet, produces the Taking of Miletus, as a tragedy. STRABO, HEROD. &c.  |
| 20<br>71. 3.  | App. Claudius, P. Servilius. PLIN. HIST. NAT. l. xxxv. c. 3. Anaxilas reigns at Rhegium. Overturns the laws of Charondas. DIOD. SIC. | 259  |                       |   |
| 21<br>71. 4.  | A. Virginus Cœlimontanus, T. Veturius. Romans abandon Rome, and retire to the Mons Sacer.  | 260  | Demaratus deposed.    | Cleomenes, king of Sparta, sails for Ægina, to chastise the inhabitants for adhering to the Persians during his absence. Demaratus accuses him of cruelty, but on his return he is acquitted. |
| 22<br>72. 1.  | Postumus Cominius II. Sp. Cassius II. Tribunes of the people created, 2 in number. Census 110,000 fighting men.                      | 261  | Leotychides.<br><br>I | Demaratus, accused of illegitimacy by Cleomenes, is removed, and Leotychides substituted.   |



| Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.  | Contemporary Events.   | A. C.                    |
|---|---|--|--------------------------|
|   | 249] ΔΑΡΕΙΟΥ πρώτῃ. [23<br>Dec. 26.   |  | 499                      |
|   | 250] About this time the Carians [24<br>revolt, and are joined by the Milesians; but they are defeated.   |  | 498                      |
|   | 251] The Ionian fleet beaten, [25<br>and Miletus, the head of the confederacy, taken, in the 6th year from the beginning of the general revolt.   |  | 497                      |
|   | 252] The Persian fleets reduce [26<br>the islands.  |  | 496<br>Hipparchus, Arch. |
|   | 253] Dec. 25. [27<br>This year Darius takes the European towns on the Hellespont, by his fleets.  | Artaphernes takes Clazomenæ and Cyme. Aristagoras sails into Thrace, where he is slain soon after. | 495<br>Philippus, Arch.  |
| According to Herodotus, Amyntas was king of Macedonia at this time; whose son, Alexander, murders the Persians at a feast.          | 254] Mardonius sent into Thrace. [28<br>He restores the popular government in many cities, loses part of his fleet by doubling the Cape of Mount Athos, and is defeated by the Thracians: he, however, subdues Macedonia. |  | 494                      |
| About this time Bubaris is sent to revenge the death of the Persians; but is reconciled by marrying Gygæa, the daughter of Amyntas. | 255] The Greeks are ordered to [29<br>submit, and send earth and water; which many do, and particularly the inhabitants of Ægina.   |  | 493                      |
| Cleomenes, soon after, is seized with a frenzy, and kills himself. Time uncertain.  | 256] Demaratus, the Spartan, [30<br>is well received by the Persians.   |  | 492<br>Diognetus, Arch.  |



| J. P.          | Confular Table.  | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta. | Transactions in Greece.  |
|----------------|--|------|------------------------|--|
| 4223<br>72. 2. | T. Geganius, P. Minucius. Famine at Rome. Gelon, king of Syracuse, applied to for relief. DION. HAL. Aristotle places him about 6 years later. See PAUSAN. who agrees with DION. HAL.                          | 262  | 2                      | This Leotychides, king of Sparta, claimed the crown through Theopompus, his 9th ancestor.  |
| 24<br>72. 3.   | A. Sempr. Atratinus II. M. Minuc. Augurinus II. Coriolanus tried, and condemned by the people to banishment. About this time, as some say, Plebeians were admitted into the senate. DION. HAL. l. vii. p. 469. | 263  | 3                      | Miltiades, with 9,000 Athenians, and 1,000 Plataeans, defeats the Persians at Marathon.  |
| 25<br>72. 4.   | Q. Sulp. Camerinus, Sp. Largius Flavus II.   | 264  | 4                      | Miltiades, failing in his attempt on the isle of Paros, comes home wounded, is tried, and fined; and soon after dies. HEROD.   |
| 26<br>73. 1.   | C. Julius Julus, P. Pinarius.  | 265  | 5                      |  |
| 27<br>73. 2.   | Sp. Nautius, Sextus Furius. Coriolanus besieges Rome, but retires. Theron, of Agrigento, begins his government. Reigns 16 years, 1st of 73d Olympiad.  | 266  | 6                      | Æschylus gains the prize in tragedy. Ste-sichorus, of Himera, comes into Greece. PAR. CHR. Euripides born.   |
| 28<br>73. 3.   | C. Aquilius, T. Sicinius. About this time Gelon, of Syracuse, expels the Megareans, THUCYD. having a little before gained the sovereignty of Syracuse. ARISTOTLE.  | 267  | 7                      |  |
| 29<br>73. 4.   | Sp. Cassius III. Proc. Virginus.<br>N. B. Diodorus Siculus places these consuls in the archonship of Calliades; the 1st of the 75th Olympiad.  | 268  | 8                      | N. B. Cassius, the consul, proposes dividing the lands of the Hernici between the Romans and Latins. Great discord at Rome. LIVY. This the first Agrarian law; not passed. |
| 30<br>74. 1.   | Ser. Cornelius, Q. Fabius. Cassius, the late consul, put to death. Gelon, of Syracuse, about this time destroys Camarina, and transfers the inhabitants to Syracuse. HEROD.                                    | 269  | 9                      | Herodotus, the historian, born at Halicarnassus, 53 years before the Peloponnesian war. A. GELL.   |



| Contemporary Events.   | Era of Nabonassar.  | Contemporary Events.  | A. C.                         |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------|
| The people of Ægina complain to the Spartans of Leotychides. He is delivered into the hands of the Æginetæ, but sent back soon. HEROD. | 257] ΔΑΠΕΙΟΥ πρώτῃ. [31<br>Dec. 24.<br>Eclipse of the moon, April 25.   | The Athenians at war with Ægina. Both sides suffer much. HEROD.   | 491<br>Hybrilides,<br>Archon. |
| Hippias, the tyrant, was at the battle of Marathon, in the 20th year after his expulsion. THUCYD.                                      | 258] The Persians, led by Datis [32<br>and Artaphernes, take Eretria, in Eubœa; then marching, by the direction of Hippias, to Marathon, are beaten. 6,400 slain.           |   | 490<br>Phanippus,<br>Archon.  |
| Æschylus, the poet, was at this battle, aged 35. PAR. CHR.   | 259] Darius places the Eretrian [33<br>prisoners in Cissia, giving them lands. He prepares for another expedition into Greece.  | Simonides, son of Simonides, grandfather to the famous poet of that name, and himself a poet, died, most probably, at Athens this year. Olympiad 72. 4. PAR. CHR. | 489                           |
|  | 260] 2d year of the preparation. [34  |   | 488<br>Anchises, Arch.        |
|  | 261] Dec. 23. [35<br>3d year of the preparation.  |   | 487<br>Philocrates, Arch.     |
|  | 262] Egypt revolts from Darius, which he prepares to reduce. [36  |   | 486                           |
|  | 263] ΞΕΡΞΟΥ. [1<br>Darius dies before the 5th year after the battle of Marathon is ended. XERXES preferred, as being the grandson of Cyrus, and born after Darius was king. | Epicharmus and Phormis, Sicilians, invented comedy 6 years before the Persian war. Greatly favoured by Gelon and Hiero. SUIDAS.                                   | 485<br>Aristides, Arch.       |
| Damastes, of Sigeum, an historian of good repute, was coeval with Herodotus. SUIDAS,   | 264] Egypt reduced by Xerxes, [2<br>and Achæmenes made governour of it as a province. Preparation made for the war against Greece.  |   | 484<br>Leostatus, Arch.       |



| J. P.                      | Confular Table.   | U.C. | Kings of Sparta | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings of Sparta |
|----------------------------|---|------|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| 423 <sup>1</sup><br>74. 2. | L. Æmilius, K. Furius.<br>N. B. Dionysius of Halicarnassus calls this 2d consul, Cæso Fabius.   | 270  | 10              |   |                 |
| 32<br>74. 3.               | M. Fabius, L. Valerius.   | 271  | 11              |   |                 |
| 33<br>74. 4.               | C. Julius, Q. Fabius II.  | 272  | 12              |   |                 |
| 34<br>75. 1.               | K. Fabius II. Sp. Furius. These consuls are placed by Diodorus in the 1st of the 76th Olympiad.<br>Nine Judges chosen to determine the Olympic games. The Agrigentines begin their great works about this time. | 273  | 13              | Macedonia, Thessaly, and Bœotia, submit to Xerxes. The Athenians abandon the city to man their fleet. The city burnt by Xerxes.   | Leonidas slain. |
| 35<br>75. 2.               | Cn. Manlius Cincinnatus, M. Fabius Vibulanus II.<br>Phæax, a celebrated architect in Sicily. Diod. Carthaginian army totally destroyed in Sicily by Gelon. Diod. Sic.   | 274  | 14              | Mardonius again entering Attica, Athens is again abandoned; but relieved soon after by the victory at Plataea, under Pausanias and Aristides.   | Plistonax.      |
| 36<br>75. 3.               | K. Fab. Vibulanus III. T. Virginus Tricostus.<br>Gelon dies in Sicily, according to Aristotle de Repub. in his 8th year. Diod. Sic. Hiero succeeds.   | 275  | 15              | The Athenians repair the city, and rebuild their walls.<br><br>PAUSANIAS, as tutor to Plistonax, son of Leonidas, acts as king.<br>Sestos taken by Xantippus.   | 2               |
| 37<br>75. 4.               | L. Æmilius, C. Servilius; who dying, C. Cornelius is chosen.<br>Hiero greatly favours learning; entertains Pindar, Simonides, &c.   | 276  | 16              | This while Pausanias drives the Persian garrisons out of the Greek cities; but joins in a conspiracy with Xerxes, which is discovered. The Piræus fortified. Adimantus, Archon. Simonides, the son of Leoprepes, flourished at Athens, PAR. CHR. and gained the Choragic prize, being 80 years old. VAL. MAX. | 3               |
| 38<br>76. 1.               | C. Horatius, T. Menenius Agr. This latter called Minutius by Diodorus Siculus, and placed in the 1st year of the 77th Olympiad.<br>Anaxilas, tyrant of Rhegium and Zancle, dies. Diod. Sic.                     | 277  | 17              | Pausanias is recalled to his trial, and acquitted of treason.   | 4               |



| Contemporary Events.   | Era of Nabonassar.   | Contemporary Events.  | A.C.                             |
|--|--|---|----------------------------------|
|  | 265]           ΞΕΡΞΟΥ.                 [3<br>Dec. 22.<br>2d year of the preparation for the war, which lasted 3 years. HEROD.  |   | 483<br><br>Nicodemus,<br>Archon. |
|  | 266] 3d year of the preparation. [4<br>N. B. Compute this year from the summer solstice.   |   | 482                              |
|  | 267] The preparation being made, [5<br>and the troops assembled, Xerxes sets out from Sulâ.  |   | 481                              |
| The Carthaginians attack Gelon, in Sicily, in concert with Xerxes; but are miserably defeated, and the whole army destroyed. DIOD. SIC.  | 268] Xerxes passes the Hellespont [6<br>in the spring, forces the Streights of Thermopylæ, and loses the battle of Salamis.<br>Eclipse of the sun, October 2.                  | Euripides, the poet, born this year. Lived 75 years. Mapen, or Marten, king of Tyre under the Persians at this time. Tetramnestus, king of Sidon. Æaces, of Samos, dies soon after, and is succeeded by Theomestor. | 480<br><br>Calliades, Archon.    |
| The Archæanactidæ reign in the Cimmerian Bosphorus. DIOD. SIC.<br>Alexander, king of Macedonia, is sent to the Athenians by Mardonius, to make peace, which is refused; but he gives the Greeks good advice. | 269] Dec. 21. [7<br>Xerxes flies into Asia, leaving Mardonius in Greece, who is defeated at Plataea, and slain. Xantippus, the same day, conquers the Persian fleet at Mycale. | After the battle of Mycale, Samos, Chios, and Lesbos shake off the Persian yoke.  | 479<br><br>Xantippus, Arch.      |
| Demareta, wife of Gelon, coins medals, of ten drachmas of Athens.  | 270] Cyprus and Byzantium reduced by Pausanias. He releases the Persian captives, to gain Xerxes' favour.  |   | 478<br><br>Timotheus, Archon.    |
|  | 271]   [9  |   | 477<br><br>Acimantus, Arch.      |
|  | 272]   [10   |   | 476<br><br>Phædon, Archon.       |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.   | U.C | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta                           | Transactions in Greece.  | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|----------------|---|-----|---|--|-----------------------|
| 4239<br>76. 2. | A. Virginius Tricostus, Sp. Servilius. Diodorus calls him Caius Servil.<br>The sons of Anaxilas govern at Rhegium some years.   | 278 | 18  | Pausanias sails to the Hellespont, and corresponds with Xerxes.  | 5                     |
| 40<br>76. 3.   | C. Nautius, P. Valerius.<br>The Cumæans, in Italy, conquer the Etruscans, by the aid of Hiero. DIOD. SIC.   | 279 | 19  |  | 6                     |
| 41<br>76. 4.   | L. Furius, A. Manlius. Census 103,000 fighting men. DION. HAL. Decreased 7,000 in 19 years. A war between the Tarentines and the Iapyges.                             | 280 | 20  | Pythagoras is said to have died about this time at Crotona, being near 100 years old.<br>JAMBlichus.   | 7                     |
| 42<br>77. 1.   | L. Æmilius III. Vopiscus Julius, or Opiter Virginius.<br>Theron, of Agrigentum, dies. Succeeded by Thrasydæus, his son. DIOD. SIC.                                    | 281 | 21  | Democritus born in this Olympiad; others say in the 80th Olympiad.<br>Ten Judges appointed to preside at the Olympic games.  | 8                     |
| 43<br>77. 2.   | L. Pinarius, P. Furius. Volero, the tribune, proposes a law, that the tribunes and ædiles should be chosen by tribes.   | 282 | 22  | Themistocles accused of treason by the Spartans, but acquitted; yet soon after he is banished by Ostracism. DIOD. SIC.   | 9                     |
| 44<br>77. 3.   | Appius Claudius, T. Quintius. Volero's law passed.<br>According to Cato, the Tuscans founded Capua, in Italy, this year. Others place it 330 years before. V. PATERC. | 283 | 23  | Cimon gains two victories in one day, by sea and land, over the Persians. Pausanias, carrying on his treason, attempts to corrupt Themistocles, now residing at Argos. | 10                    |
| 45<br>77. 4.   | L. Valerius II. Tib. Æmilius.   | 284 | 24<br>Leotychides, king<br>of Sparta, banished. | First differences between Athens and Sparta begin now.   | 11                    |
| 46<br>78. 1.   | T. Numitius Priscus, A. Virginius Calimontanus.   | 285 | 1<br>Archidamus, king<br>of Sparta.             | The Argives destroy Mycenæ this year. Archidamus, king of Sparta, reigned 42 years. Pericles about this time begins to be chief amongst the Athenians.                 | 12                    |



| Contemporary Events.   | Era of Nabonassar. |   | Contemporary Events.  | A. C.                          |
|--|--------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| The Plataeans build a Temple to Minerva, out of the Persian spoils, about this time, adorned with paintings.   | 273]               | ΞΕΡΞΟΥ.<br>Dec. 20. [11   |   | 475<br>Dromocides,<br>Archon.  |
|  | 274]               | [12   |   | 474<br>Acestorides,<br>Archon. |
|  | 275]               | [13   |   | 473<br>Menon, Arch.            |
| Dandes, of Argos, gains the victory at Olympia. DIOD. SIC.   | 276]               | [14   |   | 472<br>Chares, Archon.         |
| Thucydides, the historian, born. According to Isocrates, the Spartans held the chief command in Greece, to the 10th year from the battle of Salamis.   | 277]               | Dec. 19. [15<br>N. B. Democritus born. Lived 109 years. 40 years younger than Anaxagoras. DIOG. LAER.   | The Thebans bring the statue of Apollo from Delos to Delium, in Boeotia. HEROD.                                     | 471<br>Praxiergus, Arch.       |
|  | 278]               | Joachim, the High Priest, [16 dies at Jerusalem;—governed 34 years. Sophocles, the tragedian, now 28 years old, gains a prize. The Archon of this year some call Aphepsion. | N. B. Aristides about this time, or a little before, makes Athens the head of the confederacy against the Persians. | 470<br>Demotion, Arch.         |
| This year, according to Diodorus, the Spartans besiege Ithome. The great earthquake happened too this year, if we follow Diodorus.<br>N. B. These events may more probably be placed in the 4th of Archidamus. | 279]               | Eliashib made High Priest. [17  | Socrates born this year. Aphepsion, Archon. DIOG. LAER.   | 469<br>Aphepsion, Arch.        |
|  | 280]               | [18   | In this archonship a stone is said to have fallen from the sky. Simonides, the poet, dies, aged 90. PAR. CIRR.      | 468<br>Theagenides, Arch.      |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.  | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|----------------|--|------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 4247<br>78. 2. | T. Quintius II. Q. Servilius.<br>Hiero dies at Syracuse, having reigned 11<br>years 8 months. Thraſybulus ſucceeds.<br>Diod. Sic.  | 286  | 2                     | Pauſanias, being recalled, takes ſanctuary in<br>the Chalcidæcos; where he is ſtarved to death.   | 13                    |
| 48<br>78. 3.   | Tib. Æmilius II. Q. Fabius. Agrarian<br>law creates diſcord. A colony ſent to Antium,<br>to quiet it. Livy.<br>Thraſybulus expelled from Syracuse. De-<br>mocracy eſtabliſhed.             | 287  | 3                     | The Spartans accuſe Themiſtocles of being<br>a confederate with Pauſanias. The Atheni-<br>ans unjuſtly condemn him. He flies to Cor-<br>cyra, and then to Admetus, the king of the<br>Molofſians.   | 14                    |
| 49<br>78. 4.   | Sp. Poſtunius, Q. Servilius.   | 288  | 4                     | The Athenians beſiege Thafos and Ægina,<br>and ſend a colony to Amphipolis; which is ſoon<br>after deſtroyed by the Thracians, near Drabeſ-<br>cus. Great earth quake in Sparta. PLUTARCH.<br>N. B. The Helots and Meſſenians attempt<br>to attack Sparta. Cimon prevents the Atheni-<br>ans joining in the attack.<br>Pindar, the Theban poet, dies. SUIDAS. | 15                    |
| 50<br>79. 1.   | Q. Fabius II. T. Quintius III. Cenſus<br>124,215 fighting men. Livy, l. iii. c. 3.<br>Encreaſed 21,215 in 10 years.<br>Diodorus aſcribes theſe conſuls to the 1ſt of<br>the 80th Olympiad. | 289  | 5                     | Themiſtocles flies to the Perſians, Artaxerxes<br>being newly ſeated on the throne. THUCYD.<br>and CHARON. Diodorus places this fact under<br>the reign of Xerxes.  | 16                    |
| 51<br>79. 2.   | A. Poſtunius, Sp. Furius.<br>N. B. The Athenians force the Thafians to<br>ſubmit, in the 3d year of the war. THUCYD.   | 290  | 6                     | Egypt revolts from Perſia, aſſiſted by the<br>Athenians, who defeat the Perſians. The<br>Athenians, ſays Thucydides, were in Cyprus<br>with 200 ſhips, but abandon that iſland for<br>Egypt.  | 17                    |
| 52<br>79. 3.   | L. Æbutius, P. Servilius.  | 291  | 7                     | Thucydides, the hiſtorian, born 40 years be-<br>fore the Peloponneſian war. A. GELL. Ephial-<br>tes, an Athenian, deprives the Arcopagus of<br>its power.   | 18                    |
| 53<br>79. 4.   | L. Lucretius, T. Vetur. Geminus.<br>N. B. Ephialtes aſſaſinated by the Athen-<br>ian nobles. PLUTARCH. Rhegium recovers<br>its liberty. Diod. Sic.   | 292  | 8                     | The Athenians baniſh Cimon, as favouring<br>Sparta.   | 19                    |
| 54<br>80. 1.   | P. Volumnius, Serv. Sulp. Camerinus.<br>Diodorus places theſe conſuls in the 1ſt of<br>the 81ſt Olympiad.  | 293  | 9                     | Pliftonax, the ſon of Leonidas, was an in-<br>fant when his father was ſlain; ſo that his<br>power was of ſhort continuance.  | 20                    |



| Contemporary Events.   | Era of Nabonassar.  | Contemporary Events.  | A.C.                       |
|--|---|---|----------------------------|
| Panyasis, a poet, flourishes in this Olympiad. SUIDAS.<br><br>N. B. Aristides dies the 2d year of the 78th Olympiad.   | 281] $\Xi\epsilon\rho\epsilon\omicron\upsilon\tau$ . [19<br>Dec. 18.  |   | 467<br>Lyfistatus, Arch.   |
| Anaxagoras, the philosopher, flourishes. PLIN.   | 282] Xerxes had by Amestris [20<br>three sons, now grown up; Darius, Hyfaspes, and Artaxerxes. CTESIAS.   |   | 466<br>Lyfianias, Archon.  |
|  | 283] [21  | Inarus, the son of Psammitichus, was king of the Libyans, bordering on Egypt, at this time. THUCYD.   | 465<br>Lyfistheus, Archon. |
| Siege of Ithome begun by the Spartans. PAUSAN.   | 284] $\text{ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΕΩΥ πρωτῆ}$ . [1<br>The reign of Artaxerxes begins about midsummer; Xerxes being slain by Artabanus the latter end of the 4th year of the 78th Olympiad.   | Xenophon victor at Olympia. Inarus revolts in Egypt, about the same time with the revolt of the Helots in Sparta. THUCYD.   | 464<br>Archimedes, Archon. |
| Artabanus persuades Artaxerxes that Darius was the murderer of Xerxes; on which Darius is put to death. The treason soon discovered, and Artabanus slain. CTESIAS.   | 285] Dec. 17. [2<br>Achæmenes sent by Artaxerxes against the revolted Egyptians. He is defeated. Sparta refuses aid to Artaxerxes against Egypt.  | Hyfaspes, the 2d son of Xerxes, revolts in Bactria. The first battle was with equal loss; in the second, Artaxerxes gains a complete victory. Bactria submits. DIOD. and CTESIAS. | 463<br>Tlepolemus, Archon. |
| Cimon sent to assist the Spartans with Athenian forces; but they are soon dismissed. The Athenians make a league with Argos.   | 286] This year the Persians are [3<br>defeated, and driven within the white wall; a part of Memphis.  | The feast of Artaxerxes, and the divorce of queen Vashti, happened this year, or the beginning of the next. See PREF. Esther, ch. i.  | 462<br>Cenon, Arch.        |
|  | 287] Artabazus and Megabyzus [4<br>are appointed to act in Egypt; and spend the year in preparations.   | About this time Mordecai, the Jew, introduces his uncle's daughter into the palace of Artaxerxes, who went through the year of purification.                                      | 461<br>Enirpus, Arch.      |
| 1] Macedonian Kings.<br>Under Euippus died Alexander, king of Macedon. Succeeded by his son, PERDICCAS. PAR. CHR.<br>Heraclitus flourishes in philosophy. EUSEB. More probably this was the year of his death. | 288] This year the Egyptians [5<br>are partly brought over or conquered. The Athenian troops honourably dismissed; though, according to Thucydides, but a small number remained. Inarus, the author of the revolt, betrayed and crucified. DIOD. SIC. | After a year's purification, Hadassah, or Esther, is chosen by the king.  | 460<br>Pharacides, Arch.   |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.   | U. C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta | Transactions in Greece.  | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta                             |
|----------------|---|-------|-----------------------|--|---|
| 4255<br>80. 2. | P. Valerius Popl. II. C. Claud. Sabinus. Valerius slain. Cincinnatus created in his room. Deucetius, king of the Siculi, founds the city Menæus, and takes Morgantina.<br>Diod.               | 294   | 10                    | About this time Ithome surrenders to Sparta, if we follow Diodorus. Athens succeeds in the war against Ægina and Corinth.  | 21  |
| 56<br>80. 3.   | Q. Fabius Vib. L. Cornelius Malugin. Census 132,409 fighting men. Increased 8,294 in 6 years.<br>N. B. Plistonax, king of Sparta, being a minor, Nicomedes, his uncle, is commander in chief. | 295   | 11                    | Athens assists Megara against Corinth. Sparta assists the Dorians against the Phocians. Athens and Argos join in the quarrel. A battle at Tanagra, undecided. Truce between Athens and Sparta. N. B. Cimon, the Athenian, offers his service at Tanagra, but is refused. | 22  |
| 57<br>80. 4.   | L. Minutius, C. Nautius Rut. II. Cincinnatus, dictator.   | 296   | 12                    | Myronides defeats the Bœotians, destroys Tanagra, and conquers all the country. They had now, according to Thucydides, finished the long walls. Lyfias, the orator, born.  | 1<br>Phisto-<br>nax,<br>son of<br>Pausa-<br>nias. |
| 58<br>81. 1.   | C. Horatius Pulv. Q. Minutius Aug. The tribunes of the people increased to ten. Diodorus seems to advance one year, by naming between these years, as consuls, Cincinnatus and M. Fabius.     | 297   | 13                    | Tolmides destroys Gythium, and takes Zacynthus, Cephalenia, and Naupactus.   | 2   |
| 59<br>81. 2.   | M. Valer. Maximus, Sp. Virgin. Tricoftus. Mount Aventine built upon this year.  | 298   | 14                    | Tolmides, in Bœotia. Pericles, the Athenian, ravages Peloponnesus, and takes many cities in Acarnania.   | 3   |
| 60<br>81. 3.   | T. Romilius, C. Veturius Cicur. In Diodorus these consuls are in the first year of the 83d Olympiad. Agrarian law much insisted on by the tribunes at Rome.                                   | 299   | 15                    | A five years truce between Athens and Sparta, according to Diodorus Siculus. Thucydides seems to place it three years after. Pindar, the Theban, dies.   | 4   |
| 61<br>81. 4.   | Sp. Tarpeius, A. Aterius. Commissioners of consular dignity are sent out to collect the laws in Greece and Italy.<br>Deucetius, in Sicily, forms a confederacy of the cities.<br>Diod.        | 300   | 16                    | Pericles attacks Sicyon, and the coast of Achaia.<br>Phidias, the sculptor, flourishes at this time.   | 5   |
| 62<br>82. 1.   | Pub. Horatius Terg. Sex. Quintilius Varus.  | 301   | 17                    | Ictinus and Callicrates, architects, build the Temple of Minerva, at Athens, about this time.  | 6   |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.   | Era of Nabonassar.  | Contemporary Events.  | A.C.                                |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| <p>PERDICCAS.</p> <p>2] Hippocrates, the physician of Cos, born this Olympiad.</p> <p>Lyfias born while Philocles was Archon.</p>                     | <p>289] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΞΟΥ πρώτη. [6<br/>Dec. 16.<br/>The fenny parts of Egypt still hold out under Amyrtæus.</p>   | <p>According to Herodotus, Thannyras, son of Inarus, had a command in Egypt conferred on him by the Persians.</p> | <p>459<br/>Philocles, Arch.</p>     |
| <p>3]</p>   | <p>290] In the 7th year of Artaxerxes was the decree for restoring the Jews, and allowing them a civil polity of their own. Ezra receives the decree. Eliashib, High Priest.</p>  | <p>N. B. Esther crowned queen of Persia about December this year; or it might be the next year in the era.</p>    | <p>458<br/>Bion, Archon.</p>        |
| <p>4] Cimon, about this time, recalled in the 5th year of his exile. CORN. NEPOS. Pericles draws up the decree.</p>                                   | <p>291] This year, before the 7th year of Artaxerxes was expired, Ezra comes to Jerusalem, in the 5th month, accompanied by 1,496 males, and settles the government; but the Jews are not permitted to rebuild their walls.</p>   | <p>N. B. The Levites that returned with Ezra, were 258; the whole number of males, 1,754.</p>                     | <p>457<br/>Mnesithides, Archon.</p> |
| <p>5] Æschylus dies in the archonship of Callias, aged 69. PAR. CHR.</p>  | <p>292] Mordecai, about this time, discovers a conspiracy against the king, and reveals it to Esther, and she to Artaxerxes. The conspirators executed.</p>   | <p>N. B. Xenocles defeated Euripides in the prize of tragedy at the Olympic games. ÆLIAN. Var. Hist.</p>          | <p>456<br/>Callias, Archon.</p>     |
| <p>6] Ithome taken, in the 10th year of the siege, by the Spartans. THUCYD. The inhabitants of Messenian origin are settled at Naupactus. THUCYD.</p> | <p>293] Dec. 15. [10<br/>About this time Haman, the Agagite, was promoted to be the prime minister of Persia.</p>   |   | <p>455<br/>Sofistratus, Arch.</p>   |
| <p>7] A three years truce begun about this time between Athens and Sparta: Cimon the mediator. THUCYD.</p>  | <p>294] Mordecai, the Jew, uncle to the queen, refuses to bow to Haman. [11</p>   |   | <p>454<br/>Arifon, Archon.</p>      |
| <p>8]</p>   | <p>295] In the 1st of Nisan, this year, Haman, being offended at Mordecai, procures a decree to extirpate the Jews on the 13th day of the 12th month, Adar. [12</p>   |   | <p>453<br/>Lyfistrates, Arch.</p>   |
| <p>9] Athenian colony sent to Naxos, under Tolmides.<br/>N. B. Inarus crucified by Megabyzus.</p>   | <p>296] Mordecai reveals this decree to Esther. The Jews fast. Mordecai is honoured by the king for discovering the conspiracy of Bigthan and Terefh. Esther solicits the king in favour of the Jews; is favourably heard, and the decree counteracted. Haman executed. [13</p> |   | <p>452<br/>Chærephanes, Archon</p>  |



| J. P.          | Confular Table.  | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta                 | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|----------------|--|------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 4263<br>82. 2. | P. Sext. Capitolinus, T. Menenius Lanatus. The Roman commissioners return out of Greece. Deucetius, being worsted in Sicily, flies to Syracuse, and from thence is sent to Corinth. DIOD.      | 302  | 18                                    | Corinth and Delphi, about this time, encourage painting. The first contest between painters decided at Delphi about this time.  | 7                     |
| 64<br>82. 3.   | Decemviri appointed at Rome: consuls and the other officers abolished, except the tribunes.<br><br>Some Theffalians endeavour to form a settlement on the site of ancient Sybaris. DIOD.       | 303  | 19                                    | Cimon, the Athenian, sails to Cyprus, and is successful against the Persians.   | 8                     |
| 65<br>82. 4.   | Decemviri continued; but 3 Plebeians now admitted. The 12 Tables completed this year.  | 304  | 20                                    | Cimon this year continues in Cyprus; besieges the city of Salamis; but dies before Cium.<br>Panæus, the brother of Phidias, a painter. PLIN.  | 9                     |
| 66<br>83. 1.   | Decemviri continue in office, by electing themselves; but abdicate at the end of the year.   | 305  | 21                                    | The city of Megara breaks the alliance with Athens, and joins with Sparta. The Athenians ravage the territory, but Sparta supports its new ally.  | 10                    |
| 67<br>83. 2.   | L. Valerius Potit. M. Horat. Barbatus. These consuls triumph, by the vote of the people, against the consent of the senate. Diodorus places these consuls in the 3d year of the 84th Olympiad. | 306  | 22                                    | Tolmides, against the advice of Pericles, leads an army into Bœotia; but is defeated and slain at Chæronea. Athenians lose their power over the Bœotian cities.   | 11                    |
| 68<br>83. 3.   | Lart. Herminius, T. Virg. Cœlimontanus. Thurium, in Italy, founded by Lampon and Xenocrates, 63 years after the destruction of Sybaris.  | 307  | 23<br>Years<br>of the<br>Truce.<br>i. | Eubœa, this year, revolts, but is conquered by Pericles. Plistonax, king of Sparta, attacks Attica, but retires, for which he is banished. In this Olympic year a truce for 30 years is concluded between Sparta and Athens; 14 years and some months before the Peloponnesian war. | 12                    |
| 69<br>83. 4.   | M. Geganius Macer. C. Julius Julius. Diodorus places these consuls in the 1st of the 85th Olympiad.  | 308  | 24<br><br>ii.                         | <br><br>In the 4th year of the 83d Olympiad, Eusebius says that Herodotus read his history at Athens; but he did not finish it till some years after.   | 13                    |
| 70<br>84. 1.   | T. Quint. Capitolinus IV. Agrippa Furius. Empedocles, the poet of Agrigentum, flourishes.  | 309  | 25<br><br>iii.                        | Colony sent from Athens to Thurium, in Italy, this year, or the beginning of the next.  | 14                    |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.   | Contemporary Events.  | A.C.                         |
|--|--|---|------------------------------|
| <b>PERDICCAS.</b><br>10] This year the last of the three years truce between Athens and Sparta; but soon after renewed for five years. THUCYD. | 297] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΞΕΟΥ πρώτη. [14<br>Dec. 14.<br>The feast of Purim, or lots, instituted by the Jews, in memory of their deliverance from Haman.   |   | 451<br>Antidotes, Arch.      |
| 11] Cimon takes Citium; destroys the Phœnician fleet.<br><br>Ion, a tragic poet of Chios, flourishes in this Olympiad. SUIDAS.                 | 298] Amyrtæus still holds out [15<br>against Artaxerxes in the fenny parts of Egypt, and receives some aid from Athens.  |   | 450<br>Euthydemus, Archon.   |
| 12] Themistocles dies in Asia this year.   | 299] After the death of Cimon, [16<br>the Athenians abandon Cyprus and Egypt. In the 4th year of the 82d Olympiad the Persians make a very disadvantageous peace with Athens, giving up all the sea coast of Asia Minor. DIOD. |   | 449<br>Pedieus, Arch.        |
| 13]  | 300] [17   |   | 448<br>Philiscus, Archon.    |
| 14]  | 301] Dec. 13. [18  |   | 447<br>Timarchides, Archon.  |
| 15]  | 302] [19   |   | 446<br>Callimachus, Arch.    |
| 16]  | 303] In the month Chisleu, or [20<br>about November this year, Nehemiah hears that the walls of Jerusalem are not rebuilt. Nehemiah, ch. i. ver. 1—3.  |   | 445<br>Lyfimachides, Archon. |
| 17]  | 304] About March this year, [21<br>but before the 20th of Artaxerxes was expired, Nehemiah receives a commission to rebuild the walls. Nehemiah, ch. ii.   | N. B. Thucydides, the Milesian, banished from Athens by Ostracism; the last opponent of Pericles. | 444<br>Praxiteles, Arch.     |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.  | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta                  | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|----------------|--|------|--|---|-----------------------|
| 4271<br>84. 2. | M. Genutius, C. Curtius. Plebeians and Patricians are permitted to intermarry.<br>A demand made of Plebeian consuls; but the senate allow of military tribunes, three in number, who may be Plebeians. | 310  | 26<br>Years<br>of the<br>Truce.<br>iv. | Lyfias, the orator, accompanies the colony to Thurium.<br>Protagoras, of Abdera, gives laws to the Thurians. DIOG. LAER.  | 15                    |
| 72<br>84. 3.   | Military tribunes elected, but all Patricians. A. Sempronius, L. Aetilius, T. Caelius. These abdicating 3 months after, consuls are chosen. L. Papirius, L. Sempronius.                                | 311  | 27<br><br>v.                           | A general peace amongst the states of Greece and in Persia this year.   | 16                    |
| 73<br>84. 4.   | M. Geganius II. T. Quintius V. The office of censor instituted.  | 312  | 28<br><br>vi.                          | This year the Samians and Milesians are at war about Priene. The Athenians are drawn into the dispute. Pericles leads the army against Samos, and takes it. DIOD. | 17                    |
| 74<br>85. 1.   | M. Fabius Vibulanus, Post. Aebutius Cornicen.<br>Deucetius dies. DIOD.<br>Syracusans destroy Trinacria. DIOD.  | 313  | 29<br><br>vii.                         | This expedition against Samos probably occupied part of this Julian year.<br>Philoxenus, the dithyrambic poet, born.  | 18                    |
| 75<br>85. 2.   | C. Furius, Man. Papirius Crassus.  | 314  | 30<br><br>viii.                        | War, concerning Epidamnium, between Corcyra and Corinth.  | 19                    |
| 76<br>85. 3.   | M. Geganius Macerinus, L. Menenius Lanatus.  | 315  | 31<br><br>ix.                          | This year the Corcyreans defeat the Corinthians at sea.   | 20                    |
| 77<br>85. 4.   | T. Quintius Capitol. VI. Agrippa Menenius.<br>Cincinnatus, dictator; kills Sp. Maelius.<br>In Diodorus, these were consuls in the 1st of the 87th Olympiad.  | 316  | 32<br><br>x.                           | The Corinthians prepare for war. The Athenians send a colony to Amphipolis, under Agnon, the son of Nicias. DIOD. SIC. THUCYD.                                    | 21                    |
| 78<br>86. 1.   | Military tribunes, 3 elected, all Patricians. Mamercus Aemilius, L. Quintius, L. Julius.   | 317  | 33<br><br>xi.                          | Corcyra joins in league with Athens, and, by the help of the latter, defeats the Corinthians a second time.<br>Isocrates born.                                    | 22                    |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.   | Era of Nabonassar.  | Contemporary Events.  | A.C.                     |
|---|---|---|--------------------------|
| 18] PERDICCAS.  | 305] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΕΟΥ πρώτη. [22<br>Dec. 12.<br>The Samaritans obstruct Nehemiah;<br>yet the building of the wall goes on.  |   | 443<br>Lyfanius, Arch.   |
| 19]   | 306] [23  |   | 442<br>Diphilus, Arch.   |
| 20] N. B. Thucydides one of the<br>leaders of the troops sent from Athens;<br>from which situation he was probably<br>recalled. THUCYD. | 307] The Samians revolt from [24<br>Athens, and deliver up the garrison to<br>Pissuthnes, the Persian governour of<br>Sardes; which draws on Samos the re-<br>sentment of Athens. | Nehemiah finishes the walls and<br>gates of Jerusalem on the 25th of Elul.<br>Josephus says, they had been building<br>2 years 4 months. The gates were set<br>up in 52 days. NEHEM. JOSEPH. The<br>feast of the tabernacles this year. | 441<br>Timocles, Arch.   |
| 21]   | 308] [25  |   | 440<br>Myrichides, Arch. |
| 22] Phidias carves his Minerva of<br>ivory. EUSEB.  | 309] Dec. 11. [26   |   | 439<br>Glaucides, Arch.  |
| 23] The Archæanactidæ fail in<br>the Cimmerian Bosphorus.<br>Spartacus succeeds this year, and<br>reigns 6 years.                       | 310] [27  |   | 438<br>Theodorus, Arch.  |
| 24] Polygnatus, of Thafos, a<br>painter, flourishes about this time.  | 311] [28<br><br>Propylæa, at Athens, begun. Euthy-<br>menes, Archon. Mnesicles, the archi-<br>tect. HARPOCR. Finished in 5 years.<br>PLUTARCH.                                    |   | 437<br>Euthymenes, Arch. |
| 25] Aristophanes produces his co-<br>medy of The Acharnians.<br>Euthymenes, Archon.   | 312] [29  |   | 436<br>Lyfimachus, Arch. |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.   | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta                              | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|----------------|---|------|--|---|-----------------------|
| +279<br>86. 2. | M. Geganius Macerinus III. L. Sergius Fidenas. Mam. Æmilius, dictator.<br>C. Corn. Cossus gains the Spolia Opima.                       | 318  | 34<br>Years<br>of the<br>Truce.<br>xii.            | Potidæa, and the Chalcidic territory, revolt from Athens, instigated by Corinth and Perdiccas, king of Macedonia; but are defeated by the Athenians at Pallene.                                 | 23                    |
| 80<br>86. 3.   | M. Corn. Maluginensis, L. Papir. Crassus. The Tarentines, in Italy, drive out the inhabitants of Siris; who remove, and found Heraclea. | 319  | 35<br><br>xiii.                                    | Archidamus, king of Sparta, dies, according to Diodorus Siculus, succeeded by Agis; but Thucydides places this event about the 2d of the 88th Olympiad, in which he should be followed.         | 24                    |
| 81<br>86. 4.   | C. Julius II. L. Virginus.  | 320  | 36<br><br>xiv.                                     | This year the lunar cycle is invented by Melon, and first published on the 13th day of Scirophorion. DION.  | 25                    |
| 82<br>87. 1.   | C. Julius III. L. Virginus II. Mam. Æmilius, dictator II.<br>Diodorus omits either this year or the former.                             | 321  | 37<br><br>xv.                                      | Athenians gain the battle of Potidæa 6 months before the Peloponnesian war. THUCYD.   | 26                    |
| 83<br>87. 2.   | Military tribunes, M. Fab. Vibulanus, M. Fossius, L. Sergius Fidenas.<br>Eclipse of the sun observed at Athens: not total. THUCYD.      | 322  | 38<br>Years<br>of the<br>Peloponnes.<br>War.<br>i. | Peloponnesian war began this year, 2 months before the archonship of Pythodorus ended.<br>The Thebans attack Plataea; the Spartans and allies, Attica. The Athenian fleet ravages Peloponnesus. | 27                    |
| 84<br>87. 3.   | Military tribunes, L. Pinarius Mamercus, or Macerinus, L. Furius Medullinus, Sp. Postumius Albus.                                       | 323  | 39<br><br>ii.                                      | The Peloponnesians attack Attica. Plague at Athens. War between the Ambraciots and Amphilochians. Potidæa surrenders.   | 28                    |
| 85<br>87. 4.   | T. Quintius Cincinnatus, C. Julius Mento. Postumius, dictator.<br>These consuls are placed by Diodorus in the 1st of the 89th Olympiad. | 324  | 40<br><br>iii.                                     | Plataea blockaded by the Peloponnesians. Phormio gains two naval victories in the Crisæan gulph. Sitalces, king of Thrace, invades Macedonia with 150,000 men. Pericles dies.                   | 29                    |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.   | Era of Nabonassar.   | Contemporary Events.  | Ephori of<br>Sparta. | A. C.                       |
|---|--|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| PERDICCAS.<br>26] Phrynicius, a comic writer,<br>flourishes in this Olympiad. SUIDAS.   | 313] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΞΕΟΥ πρώτη. [30<br>Dec. 10.  |   |                      | 435<br>Antiochides, Arch.   |
| 27] It is probable, Malachi closed<br>his prophecies at this time; about 430<br>years before our Saviour's birth.   | 314] [31   |   |                      | 434<br>Chares, Archon.      |
| 28] Spartacus, the Bosporan king,<br>dies this year. Succeeded by Seleucus;<br>who reigned 4 years.   | 315] In the 32d year of Arta- [32<br>xerxes, Nehemiah returns to Persia,<br>having governed Judea 12 years.  |   |                      | 433<br>Apseudes, Archon.    |
| 29] Propylæa, at Athens, finished<br>this year; cost 2,012 talents.<br>HARPOCR.   | 316] Nehemiah returned very [33<br>soon to Judea, having obtained leave<br>of the king, Artaxerxes, and governs<br>with full powers. Nehemiah, ch. xiii.<br>ver. 7.  | [Ænesias.   |                      | 432<br>Pythodorus, Archon.  |
| 30] In this Olympiad flourished<br>Scopas, the statuary; as also Agelades,<br>the master of Polycletus. PLIN.   | 317] Dec. 9. [34<br>Eliashib still High Priest at Nehe-<br>miah's return.<br>Manasses, the son of Joiada, flies to<br>Sanballat, his father-in-law, being ban-<br>ished by Nehemiah.<br>The Temple at Gerizim probably<br>founded by him; though, as it is not | [Brafidas.  |                      | 431<br>Euthydemus, Arch.    |
| 31]   | 318] mentioned by Nehemiah, [35<br>it might not be till after his death.<br>NEHEM. and JOSEPH.   | Eliashib, the High Priest, dies at Je-<br>rusalem, probably very old;—governed<br>40 years.<br>[Isanor. |                      | 430<br>Apollodorus, Archon. |
| 32] Carthage began this year to<br>get strength in Sicily, by assisting one<br>party in that island. LIVY, l. iv. c. 29.<br>Seleucus, the Bosporan, dies. | 319] [36   | Joiada High Priest in the room of<br>Eliashib, his father.<br>[Sostratidas.                             |                      | 429<br>Egimion, Archon.     |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.  | U.C. | Kings of Sparta                          | Transactions in Greece.  | Kings of Sparta |
|----------------|--|------|--|--|-----------------|
| 4286<br>88. 1. | L. Papirius Crassus, L. Julius.<br>Gorgias, the rhetorician, flourishes at this time in Leontium, in Sicily. DIOD.   | 325  | 41<br>Years of the Peloponn. War.<br>iv. | Plataea still blockaded. Part of the garrison escape. Lesbos revolts, and is admitted into the Peloponnesian league, but attacked by the Athenians; and Mitylene besieged. Mitylene surrenders to Paches. The bloody decree of Cleon, at Athens, reversed. Spartans invade | 30              |
| 87<br>88. 2.   | L. Sergius Fidenas, Host. Lucretius.<br>The Leontines, in Sicily, oppressed by the Syracusans, demand help of Athens. A fleet is sent, and the Syracusans make peace. D. OD. | 326  | 42<br>v.                                 | Attica. Plataea surrenders: the inhabitants slain. Nicias takes Minoa. Sedition at Corcyra this year.  | 31              |
| 88<br>88. 3.   | T. Quintius Pennus, A. Cornel. Cossus.<br>Between these and the next following consuls, Diodorus places L. Quintius and A. Sempronius in the 1st of the 90th Olympiad.       | 327  | Agis.<br>I<br>vi.                        | Great earthquakes. Demosthenes once defeated in Aetolia: gains the victories of Olpæ and Idomene soon after. AGIS now king of Sparta.  | 32              |
| 89<br>88. 4.   | C. Servilius Ahala, L. Papirius II.  | 328  | 2<br>vii.                                | The Athenians send a fleet to Sicily, who take Pylus in their road, and fortify it. The Spartans, endeavouring to retake it, are defeated in Sphacteria. The Athenians refuse the Spartans peace. Nicias defeats the Corinthians at Solygia. Sedition at Corcyra ended.    | 33              |
| 90<br>89. 1.   | Military tribunes, 4 elected, all Patricians. T. Quint. Pennus, &c.<br>Mam. Æmilius, dictator.<br>In Diodorus, the 3d of the 90th Olympiad.                                  | 329  | 3<br>viii.                               | The Athenians defeated by the Bœotians at Delium. Nicias takes Cythera. Brasidas marches into Thrace. Acanthus revolts; Amphipolis is taken. Thucydides saves Eion, but is banished.   | 34              |
| 91<br>89. 2.   | Military tribunes, 4 elected. A. Sempron. Atratinus, &c.<br>Diodorus omits 6 years between the years of Rome 329 and 342.  | 330  | 4<br>ix.                                 | Brasidas takes many places in Thrace. Truce for a year between the Spartans and Athenians; but not observed. Temple of Juno, at Argos, burnt.  | 35              |
| 92<br>89. 3.   | Military tribunes, 4 elected. App. Claud. Crassus, &c.   | 331  | 5<br>x.                                  | Cleon sent into Thrace against Brasidas. Both these generals slain at the battle of Amphipolis. Nicias proposes a peace.   | 36              |
| 93<br>89. 4.   | C. Sempron. Atratinus, Q. Fabius Vibulanus.  | 332  | 6<br>xi.                                 | The peace concluded in the winter, which ends with a treaty of alliance between Athens and Sparta; yet great jealousies immediately arise.   | 37              |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.  | Contemporary Events.  | Ephori of<br>Sparta. | A.C.                           |
|--|---|---|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| <p>PERDICCAS.</p> <p>33] Spartacus II. brother to Selcucus, succeeds.</p> <p>N. B. In the 19th year of his exile, Pliftonax, king of Sparta, is recalled.</p> <p>THUCYD.</p> | <p>320] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΞΕΟΥ πρώτη. [37</p>  | <p>N. B. Plato, the philosopher, born.</p> <p>DIOG. LAER. from Apollodorus.</p> <p>[Hexarchus.</p>            |                      | 428<br>Dietimus, Arch.         |
| <p>34] Sitalces, king of Thrace, attacks Macedonia, and ravages it; but an army of Grecians being ready to attack him, he makes peace with Perdiccas. DION.</p>              | <p>321] Dec. 8. [38</p>   | <p>N. B. Eudoxus, of Cnidus, a philosopher, contemporary with Plato.</p> <p>SULDAS.</p> <p>[Ageſistratus.</p> |                      | 427<br>Eucles, Arch.           |
| <p>35] Mitylene, in Lesbos, soon recovered its losses; having been in Pliny's time a flourishing place for 500 years; which falls in with this year, or nearly so.</p>       | <p>322] [39</p>   | <p>[Angenidas.</p>  |                      | 426<br>Euthydemus, Arch. iter. |
| <p>36] Thericles, a potter, about this time invented the Thericlean cups.</p> <p>ATHENÆUS.</p>   | <p>323] [40</p>   | <p>[Onomacles.</p>  |                      | 425<br>Stratocles, Arch.       |
| <p>37] Eclipse of the sun visible at Athens; not total. THUCYD.</p> <p>Ameipsias acts a comedy, called The Public, at Athens. ATHENÆUS.</p>                                  | <p>324] Artaxerxes sends Artaphernes embassador to Sparta, who is seized in Thrace by the Athenians. Artaxerxes dies about this year, though mentioned in the transactions of the preceding year by Thucydides. [41</p>         | <p>Aristophanes produces The Knights; Stratocles, Archon.</p> <p>[Zeuxippus.</p>                              |                      | 424<br>Marchus, Archon.        |
| <p>38] According to Athenæus, Protagoras, the sophist, arrives at Athens this year.</p>  | <p>325] ΔΑΡΕΙΟΥ δευτ. [1<br/>Dec. 7.<br/>After the death of Artaxerxes, Xerxes reigned about 2 months, and Sogdianus 7 months; when Ochus, the governour of Hyrcania, and natural son of Artaxerxes, removes Sogdianus, and</p> | <p>[Pityas.</p>   |                      | 423<br>Aminias, Archon.        |
| <p>39] The Vespæ of Aristophanes produced. Aminias, Archon.</p> <p>Eupolis produces his comedy of The Flatterers, at Athens. ATHENÆUS.</p>                                   | <p>326] reigns in peace, taking the name of DARIUS. [2</p>  | <p>[Pleistolas.</p>   |                      | 422<br>Alceus, Archon.         |
| <p>40] Pherecrates, the poet, produces the comedy of The Savages, at Athens, this year. ATHENÆUS.</p>  | <p>327] It appears from Nehemiah, [3 that he governed Judah in this reign. The time uncertain. Nehemiah, ch. xii. ver. 22.</p>  | <p>[Clinomachus.</p>  |                      | 421<br>Aristion, Archon.       |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.  | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta                                 | Transactions in Greece.  | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|----------------|--|------|---|--|-----------------------|
| 4294<br>90. 1. | Military tribunes, 4 elected. L. Manlius Capitol. &c.  | 333  | 7<br>Years<br>of the<br>Pelo-<br>pon.<br>War.<br>xii. | The fortress of Panactum demolished, contrary to treaty, by the Boeotians. The Argives, being alarmed, make a treaty with Athens, through the means of Alcibiades.   | 38                    |
| 95<br>90. 2.   | Numer. Fabius Vibul. T. Quint. Capitoli-<br>nus. Two more quaestors appointed.   | 334  | 8<br><br>xiii.  | This summer was a continued war between Epidaurus and Argos.   | 39                    |
| 96<br>90. 3.   | Military tribunes, 4 elected. L. Quint. Cincinnatus, &c.   | 335  | 9<br><br>xiv.   | The Argives fail in the attack on Epidaurus. The Spartans march next summer, and gain the battle of Mantinea. Argos submits to a peace.                              | 40                    |
| 97<br>90. 4.   | Military tribunes, 4 elected. Agrippa Menenius, &c.  | 336  | 10<br><br>xv.   | Mantinea submits to the terms of Sparta. A sedition at Argos. They attempt to build walls down to the sea, which are destroyed by the Spartans.                      | 41                    |
| 98<br>91. 1.   | Military tribunes, 3 elected. M. Papirius Mugill. &c.<br>Servil. Priscus, dictator.<br>A colony sent to the city of Lavici. Livy.      | 337  | 11<br><br>xvi.  | Alcibiades forces the Argives into a league with Athens.<br>Melos taken by the Athenians. All the males slain.   | 42                    |
| 99<br>91. 2.   | Military tribunes, 4 elected. P. Lucretius, Agrippa Menenius II. &c.   | 338  | 12<br><br>xvii.                                       | The Athenians resolve on an expedition to Sicily, under Nicias, Lamachus, and Alcibiades; but the latter is banished, and flies to Sparta. Nicias lands at Syracuse. | 43                    |
| 4300<br>91. 3. | Military tribunes, 4 elected. A. Sempron. Atratinus III. &c.<br>Hermocrates, of Syracuse, saves his native city by a vigorous defence. | 339  | 13<br><br>xviii.                                      | Nicias invests Syracuse. The Spartans send Gylippus to Sicily.<br>The Athenians join with the Argives, and openly break the truce.                                   | 44                    |
| 1<br>91. 4.    | Military tribunes, 4 elected. P. Cornelius Cossus, &c.<br>The victorious Syracusans put Nicias and Demosthenes to death.               | 340  | 14<br><br>xix.  | Gylippus arrives, and saves the city of Syracuse. Nicias receives new reinforcements, but is defeated, and obliged to surrender. Attica invaded; Decelea fortified.  | 45                    |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.  | Egyptian Kings.   | Ephori of<br>Sparta.                                    | A. C.                         |
|--|---|---|---|-------------------------------|
| PERDICCAS.<br>41] In this Olympiad flourished Aglaophon, Apollodorus, and other painters. Protagoras returns to Athens. PLATO.   | 328] ΔΑΡΕΙΟΥ ΔΕΥΤ. [4<br>About this time Arsites, the brother of Darius, revolts, being assisted by Artyphius, who is taken, and put to death with Arsites. CRESIAS.  |   | [Hilarchus.   | 420<br>Astyphilus,<br>Archon. |
| 42] In the reign of this Darius, Polydamas, of Scotussa, the great wrestler, flourishes. SUIDAS.   | 329] Dec. 6. [5   |   | [Leon.  | 419<br>Archias, Arch.         |
| 43]  | 330] [6   |   | [Chæridas.  | 418<br>Antiphon,<br>Archon.   |
| 44]<br>In the winter of the 15th year the Athenians declare Perdiccas a public enemy.  | 331] [7   |   | [Patesiadas.  | 417<br>Euphemus, Arch.        |
| 45]  | 332] Bithynia cruelly ravaged [8<br>this year by the Chalcedonians and Byzantines.  |   | [Cleosthenes.   | 416<br>Aristomenes, Arch.     |
| 46] Perdiccas dies about this time. Diagoras, the atheist, expelled Athens. DION.  | 333] Dec. 5. 9<br>About this time Pisithnes, governor of Sardes, revolts from Darius; but is betrayed by Lycon, the Athenian, his general. Tisiaphernes has his government. The duration of this war uncertain. |   | [Lycarus.<br>Aristophanes's comedy of The Birds, acted. | 415<br>Chabrias, Archon.      |
| 1] ARCHELAUS, the son of Perdiccas, succeeds to the crown of Macedon. He greatly improves Macedonia, and reforms the military much more than the 8 kings before him had done. THUCYD. He was, too, a favourer of learning, and entertained | 334] [10  | Joiada dies, having governed 16 years as High Priest of Jerusalem. The Phœnissæ of Euripides, acted about this time.<br>[Eperatus.    |   | 414<br>Pisander, Archon.      |
| 2] Euripides in his court.   | 335] [11<br><br>This year Amorges, son of Pisithnes, revolts from Darius, in Caria.   | 1] AMYRTÆUS acknowledged king by the Egyptians this year. EUSEB.<br>[Onomantius.<br>Jannæus, or Jonathan, High Priest, son of Joiada. |   | 413<br>Cleocræus, Arch.       |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.   | U.C. | Kings of Sparta                        | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings of Sparta       |
|----------------|---|------|--|---|-----------------------|
| 4302<br>92. 1. | Military tribunes, 4 elected. Q. Fab. Vibulanus II. &c.<br>Postumius, a military tribune, slain by his foldiers.<br>Syracuse sends aid to the Spartans. XENOPH.                 | 341  | 15<br>Years of the Pelopon. War<br>xx. | Chios, Rhodes, and Miletus, revolt from Athens. Lesbos and Clazomenæ too revolt, but are reduced.<br><br>Alcibiades recalled by the troops at Samos.  | 46                    |
| 3<br>92. 2.    | M. Cornelius Cossus, L. Furius.<br>The Syracusans banish Hermocrates, and the other commanders who are aiding the Spartans.   | 342  | 16<br><br>xxi.                         | The popular government restored at Athens, which had been overturned the preceding year. Thrasybulus gains the battle of Cynossema; takes Cyzicus; but all Eubœa, except Oreum, revolts. Alcibiades recalled by the people.                                       | 47                    |
| 4<br>92. 3.    | Q. Fabius Ambustus, C. Furius Pacilus.<br><br>Diodorus places the consuls of the former year in the 3d of the 92d Olympiad.   | 343  | 17<br><br>xxii.                        | Mindarus takes Cyzicus, but is soon defeated by Alcibiades, and slain. Sparta offers to make peace, which is refused. Hegesander, the Spartan, beats the Athenians. Sparta retakes Pylus. Agis attacks Athens, but fails. Thrasyllus defends the city. DIOD. SIC. | 48                    |
| 5<br>92. 4.    | M. Papirius Atratinus, Sp. Nautius Rutilus.<br><br>Diodorus places these consuls in the following year.   | 344  | 18<br><br>xxiii.                       |   | 49                    |
| 6<br>93. 1.    | M. Æmil. Mamercus, C. Valerius Potitus.<br>Hermocrates endeavours, in this or the former year, to be recalled, by force, from exile; but is slain by the Syracusans. DIOD. SIC. | 345  | 19<br><br>xxiv.                        | The Athenians fortify Thoricus. Thrasyllus attacks Asia, but is foiled at Ephesus. Takes some Syracusan vessels.  | 50<br>Plistonax dies. |
| 7<br>93. 2.    | Cn. Cornelius Cossus, L. Furius.<br>3 Quæstors, out of the Plebeians, elected.<br>Dionysius gains some authority in Syracuse; Euctemon, Archon.                                 | 346  | 20<br><br>xxv.                         | Alcibiades defeats Hippocrates early this year. Returns to Athens about May; sets out for the fleet about July. Lyfander commands the Spartans. Battle of Notium. The Athenians defeated. Alcibiades banished.  | 1<br>Pausanias.       |
| 8<br>93. 3.    | Military tribunes, 3 elected, all Patricians. C. Julius, &c. P. Cornelius Cossus, dictator.<br>Dionysius gains the sovereignty of Syracuse. DIOD.                               | 347  | 21<br><br>xxvi.                        | Callicratidas, the Spartan, commands the fleet, and besieges Conon, in Mitylene; who is relieved by the battle of Arginusæ. Athens victorious. Callicratidas slain.   | 2                     |
| 9<br>93. 4.    | Military tribunes, 4 elected. C. Valerius Potitus II. &c.<br>Dionysius makes war unsuccessfully, with the Carthaginians, and submits to a dishonourable peace.                  | 348  | 22<br><br>xxvii.                       | Lyfander takes the command of the Spartan fleet. The Athenian fleet destroyed at Ægospotamos, all but 8 ships, which escaped with Conon to Cyprus.  | 3                     |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.  | Egyptian Kings.   | Ephori of<br>Sparta. | A. C.                    |
|--|---|---|----------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>ARCHELAUS.</b><br>3] N. B. The Government of 400 established at Athens, which lasted 7 months.                    | 336] ΔΑΡΕΙΟΥ ΔΟΥΡ. [12<br>Darius makes two treaties with the Lacedæmonians this year.<br>Alcibiades revolts to Tissaphernes. Tissaphernes attacks Iafus, and takes Amorges, by means of the Peloponnesians. | 2] <b>AMYRTÆUS.</b><br>[Alexippidas.  |                      | 412<br>Callias, Arch.    |
| 4] Lyfias, the orator, returns to Athens, in his 47th year; DION. HAL. before the archonship of Callias was expired. | Dec. 4.<br>337] Darius makes a 3d treaty [13 with Sparta in his 13th year, before the 20th year of the war was expired.   | 3] Lyfias, the orator, gains a prize in the Choragic festival; Theopompus being Archon.<br>[Myfgoiadas.   |                      | 411<br>Theopompus, Arch. |
| 5] Archelaus, king of Macedonia, takes Pydna this year. DIOD. SIC.   | 338] The canon of the Old [14 Testament is closed in the reign of this Darius.  | 4] Amyrtæus practises in Phœnicia to cause a revolt.<br>[Hyfias.  |                      | 410<br>Glaukippos, Arch. |
| 6] N. B. The history of Thucydides ends in August, in the 22d year of the war. The remainder drawn from Xenophon.    | 339] During the time of Jan- [15 næus, High Priest of Jerusalem, the Book of Chronicles was made up. Nehem. ch. xii. ver. 23.   | 5]<br>[Aracus.  |                      | 409<br>Diocles, Archon.  |
| 7] The Rhodians unite in building one fine city, called Rhodes.<br>Theopompus of Chios born. SUID.                   | 340] In this year the Medes, [16 who had revolted, were reduced to obedience.   | 6] Amyrtæus dies, or is slain by the forces of Darius. This year PAUSIRIS, his son, is set up.<br>HEROD. EUSEB. AFRIC. SYNC.<br>[Euarchippus.                       |                      | 408<br>Euclæmon, Arch.   |
| 8] Spartacus, the Bosporan, dies about this time, having reigned 23 years by computation. Satyrus succeeds.          | Dec. 3. [17<br>341] Cyrus, the son of Darius, appointed governour of Asia Minor.  | 1] Pausiris reigned 6 years. EUSEB. But the country was tributary to Persia. HEROD. This king is called by other writers, NEPHERITES.<br>See SYNCELLUS. [Pantacles. |                      | 407<br>Antigenes, Arch.  |
| 9] The Carthaginians take Agrigentum in Sicily.<br>Satyrus, the Bosporan, reigns 14 years.                           | 342] Cyrus the brother of Artaxerxes, now governour of the provinces in Asia Minor, makes a strong interest with the Asiatics and Greeks.   | 2] Euripides, the poet, dies, aged 75, in Macedonia: others make him only 70.<br>[Pityas.<br>Sophocles dies, aged 91 years.<br>PAR. CHR.                            |                      | 406<br>Callias, Archon.  |
| 10] The Carthaginians gain Gela, Camarina, Himera, and Selinus by the peace. Agrigentum utterly destroyed.           | 343] Cyrus sent for by Darius, [19 to visit him in Media, being then sick; but he had before assisted Lyfander with money.  | 3] Callias, Archon. Aristophanes produces the comedy of The Frogs.<br>[Archytas.  |                      | 405<br>Alexias, Arch.    |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.   | U. C. | Kings of Sparta                               | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings of Sparta |
|----------------|---|-------|---|---|-----------------|
| 4310<br>94. 1. | Military tribunes, 4 elected. P. Cornelius Cossus, &c.<br>Pay first settled on the Roman foot soldiers.<br>The Syracusans revolt from Dionysius, but are reduced. DIOD.   | 349   | 23<br>Years of the Peloponnesian War. xxviii. | Athens besieged by sea and land, for about 6 months, then submits. An end put to the Peloponnesian war, and an oligarchy established at Athens, called the 30 tyrants.<br>Lyfander takes Samos. | 4               |
| 11<br>94. 2.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. T. Quint. Capitol. &c.<br>The soldiers' pay being settled, the siege of Veii is formed by the Romans.   | 350   | 24  | The Spartans drive Clearchus the tyrant out of Byzantium.<br>Thrafsybulus drives the 30 tyrants out of Athens.<br>Thucydides returns after 20 years exile.                                      | 5               |
| 12<br>94. 3.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. C. Valerius Potitus III. &c.<br>Dionysius meditates war against Carthage.   | 351   | 25  | The Spartans ravage the country of Elis.<br>Diogenes, a tragic poet, flourishes at Athens. SUIDAS.  | 6               |
| 13<br>94. 4.   | Military tribunes, 8 elected according to Livy, but 6 according to the Capitoline Tables; the two last being cenfurs. Man. Æmilius Mamerc. &c.<br>The Roman equites are allowed pay, but find their own horses. | 352   | 26  | Agis retreats out of Elis, terrified by an earthquake.<br>The Spartans fend Thimbro to command the forces in Asia, after the battle of Cunaxa.  | 7               |
| 14<br>95. 1.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. C. Servil. Ahala III. &c.<br>N. B. Socrates put to death this year; Laches being Archon.<br>Dionysius founds Adranum, in Sicily. Provides for a war against Carthage.             | 353   | 27  | Thimbro receives the remainder of the 10,000 Greeks, and makes war on the Persians. Agis again marches into Elis, which is ravaged. Peace between Elis and Sparta determined on.                | 8               |
| 15<br>95. 2.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Valerius Potitus IV. &c.<br><br>Dionysius gains over the Messenians; but the Rhegians refuse to join.  | 354   | 1<br>Reign of Agesilaus.                      | Thimbro not succeeding, Dercyllidas is sent by the Spartans.<br>Conon, the Athenian, made admiral of the Persian fleet. Peace between Elis and Sparta concluded.                                | 9               |
| 16<br>95. 3.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. P. Licinius Calvus, the first Plebeian, an ancient senator, says Livy, was one; the other five were Patricians.   | 355   | 2   | Dercyllidas brings over the cities of Æolia. Attacks and defeats Pharnabazus.   | 10              |
| 17<br>95. 4.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. M. Veturius, &c. Five of these were Plebeians.<br>Dionysius takes Motya, after a long siege.  | 356   | 3   | Dercyllidas makes a truce with Pharnabazus; returns into Europe; fortifies the Thracian Chersonese; returns into Asia; takes Atarneus.  | 11              |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.   | Era of Nabonassar.   | Egyptian Kings.   | Ephori of<br>Sparta.                     | A. C.      |
|---|--|---|--|------------|
| <p>ARCHELAUS.</p> <p>11] This year, says Diodorus Siculus, was the 780th from the taking of Troy. See the Preface for this epocha.</p>  | <p>344] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΣΕΟΥ div. [1<br/>Darius Nothus dies just after the Peloponnesian war was finished; succeeded by ARTAXERXES MNEMON, called Arfaces.</p>  | <p>4] PAUSIRIS.</p> <p>[Eudicus.</p>  | <p>Anarchia, vel<br/>Pythodorus, Ar.</p> | <p>404</p> |
| <p>12] Zeuxis, of Heraclea, flourishes at this time, and brings painting almost to perfection. PLINY.</p>   | <p>345] Dec. 2. [2<br/>Cyrus receives the banished Clearchus, and makes him his friend.</p>  | <p>5]</p>   | <p>Euclides, Arch.</p>                   | <p>403</p> |
| <p>13] Polycletus seems to have flourished about this time, and to have produced rules for sculpture. PLINY.</p>  | <p>346] [3</p>   | <p>6]</p>   | <p>Micio, Arch.</p>                      | <p>402</p> |
| <p>14]</p> <p>Hippocrates of Cos, and Democritus, die this year. Socrates slain.</p>  | <p>347] Cyrus marches against [4<br/>Artaxerxes, but is slain at Cunaxa, early in the 4th year of the 94th Olympiad. The retreat of the 10,000 Greeks begun.</p>   | <p>1] PSAMMITICHUS, descended from the former king of the same name, takes the throne about this time.</p>  | <p>Eraneus, Arch.</p>                    | <p>401</p> |
| <p>1] Archelaus, king of Macedon, slain by Craterus. ORESTES, an infant, succeeds, but Aëropus governs. N. B. the copies of Diodorus must be wrong as to the reign of Archelaus, as may be discovered from that author. Vide 92d Ol. 3d year.</p> | <p>348] The 10,000 Greeks force [5<br/>their way to the sea, and return by Trapezus and the coast of Asia to Europe. Pharnabazus and Tissaphernes govern Asia Minor.</p>                                       | <p>2] Pharnabazus being sent to settle affairs in Asia Minor, Tamus, a Persian admiral, flies to Psammitichus, in Egypt, and is murdered by the Egyptians for his wealth.</p> | <p>Laches, Archon.</p>                   | <p>400</p> |
| <p>2]</p>   | <p>349] Dec. 1. [6<br/>The 10,000 Greeks returned under the archonship of Laches; PAR. CHR. consequently before the summer solstice.</p>   | <p>3]</p>   | <p>Arifocrates, Arch.</p>                | <p>399</p> |
| <p>3]</p> <p>Great war in Sicily, between Syracuse and Carthage.</p>  | <p>350] In this reign Bagoses, a general of Artaxerxes, promises Jesus, or Joshua, the High Priesthood of Jerusalem, who is soon after slain in the Temple, by his brother John. Time uncertain. JOSEPHUS.</p> | <p>1] NEPHREUS made king of Egypt this year.</p>  | <p>Phycles, Archon.</p>                  | <p>398</p> |
| <p>4] Zeuxis, Timanthes, and Parrhasius, painters, flourish in this Olympiad.</p>   | <p>351] Tissaphernes, now governor [8<br/>general in Asia Minor, joins with Pharnabazus, and a truce is made with the Spartans.</p>  | <p>2] Nephreus, king of Egypt, sends 300 triremes to the Spartans, with 50,000 measures of wheat, which are seized by Conon, at Rhodes.</p>                                   | <p>Lyfades, Archon.</p>                  | <p>397</p> |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.  | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta. | Transactions in Greece.  | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|----------------|--|------|------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| 4318<br>96. 1. | Military tribunes, 6 elected, all Patricians.<br>L. Valerius Potitus V. &c.<br>The Carthaginians retake Motya and Eryx;<br>seize upon Himera, Lipara, and Messina.             | 357  | 4                      | Dercyllidas marches into Caria, and makes<br>a truce with Tissaphernes; who, notwithstanding,<br>prepares for war.<br>Agefilaus goes into Asia, and Lyfander re-<br>called.  | 12                    |
| 19<br>96. 2.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Jul. Julius,<br>&c.<br>N. B. Sparta at war with the Thebans.<br>Lyfander slain at Haliartus, 30 years from the<br>battle of Delium. PLUTARCH. | 358  | 5                      | Agefilaus attacks Phrygia, having before<br>given out that he would march into Caria.<br>The Theſſalians, under Medius of Larissa, are<br>at war with Lycophron, tyrant of Phææ.<br>Diod. Sic.   | 13                    |
| 20<br>96. 3.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. P. Licinius<br>Calvus, son of the former, &c.<br>Camillus dictator. Veii taken.  | 359  | 6                      | Agefilaus gives the fleet to Pisander, and<br>marches near Sardes, then attacks the territory<br>of Pharnabazus; but is recalled, and immed-<br>iately returns home. Lyfander slain. Pausa-<br>nias banished.  | 14                    |
| 21<br>96. 4.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. P. Cornelius<br>Cossus, &c.  | 360  | 7                      | Conon beats the Spartan fleet; Pisander<br>slain. Agefilaus, in his return, fights the in-<br>decisive battle of Coronea. Iphicrates, the<br>Athenian, gains many advantages in the Co-<br>rinthian territory. AGESIPOLIS, king of<br>Sparta, a minor. | 1<br>Agēſipolis.      |
| 22<br>97. 1.   | Military tribunes. L. Furius Medullinus<br>VI. &c.<br>War in Sicily, between Dionysius and Car-<br>thage. Peace concluded.   | 361  | 8                      | Thraſybulus, with a good fleet, reduces<br>Lesbos, which had revolted. Conon has good<br>success.  | 2                     |
| 23<br>97. 2.   | L. Lucretius Flavius, Ser. Sulpicius Camer.<br>The lands of the Veientes given to the peo-<br>ple; 7 acres to each. LIVY.  | 362  | 9                      | Sparta gains the dominion of the sea, re-<br>duces Rhodes, &c. Agefilaus attacks the Ar-<br>golis, and ravages it. Conon restores the long<br>walls.   | 3                     |
| 24<br>97. 3.   | L. Valerius Potitus, M. Manlius.<br>Lands of Veii divided amongst the people,<br>according to the number of children.  | 363  | 10                     | Thimbro, the Spartan, slain near Ephesus.  | 4                     |
| 25<br>97. 4.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Lucretius,<br>&c.<br>The Gauls besiege Clusium. Dionysius at-<br>tacks Italy, conquers some of the states, but<br>treats them kindly.         | 364  | 11                     | Thraſybulus, after some success, is sur-<br>prized, and slain at Aspendus.   | 5                     |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.   | Egyptian Kings.   | A. C.                       |
|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
| 5] <b>ÆR O P U S.</b><br>Imilco, the general of Carthage, sent to Sicily, who, after some success, is miserably ruined, with his whole army.           | 352] <b>ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΞΕΟΥ δευτ.</b> [9   | 3] <b>NEPHREUS.</b>   | 396<br>Phormio, Arch.       |
| 6] <b>Æropus</b> , of Macedon, dies in the 6th year of his reign. <b>PAUSANIAS</b> , his son, succeeds.  | 353] Nov. 30. [10<br>Tissaphernes, deceived by Agesilaus, leaves Phrygia unguarded. Loses the battle of Dascylum.  | 4]  | 395<br>Diophrantus, Archon. |
| 1] Pausanias slain in his first year. <b>AMYNTAS</b> , the son of Tharrhaleus, succeeds, who is soon driven out. <b>ARGÆUS</b> reigns.                 | 354] Agesilaus defeats the Persians in Lydia. Tissaphernes put to death on suspicion. Tithraustes succeeds, who sends money into Greece to raise commotions. | 5]  | 394<br>Eubulides, Archon.   |
| 1] Mago, general for the Carthaginians, in Sicily; who is at last defeated.<br>Satyrus, the Bosporan king, dies. Succeeded by Leucon, his son.         | 355] [12   | 6]  | 393<br>Demoftratus, Arch.   |
| 2] About this time, Amyntas is restored by the Thessalians.<br>N. B. The former year is given to Perdicas, though Argæus reigned over part of Macedon. | 356] Pharnabazus and Conon, [13<br>with their fleet, give liberty to the Grecian islands. Dercyllidas keeps Abydus in the Persian interest.                  | 7]  | 392<br>Philocles, Archon.   |
| 3] Conon, the Athenian, being suspected by the Persians, is sent for, and imprisoned by Tiribazus, who had been brought over to the Spartan interest.  | 357] Nov. 29. [14<br>Evagoras being returned from exile, and getting possession of Salamis, in Cyprus, the other cities demand aid from Artaxerxes.          | 8]  | 391<br>Nicoteles, Archon.   |
| 4] The Athenians send a fleet to the assistance of Evagoras; which is intercepted by Teleutias, the Spartan.   | 358] Artaxerxes sends Struthas, [15<br>his general, into Ionia; who gains some advantages near Ephesus.  | 9]  | 390<br>Demoftratus, Arch.   |
| 5]   | 359] [16   | 1] <b>ACORIS</b> most probably succeeded Nephrens at this time. Evagoras draws him into a confederacy against the Persians. | 389<br>Antipater, Archon.   |



| J. P.          | Consular Table.   | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta | Transactions in Greece.  | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|----------------|---|------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| 4326<br>98. 1. | Military tribunes, 6 elected. M. Fabius Ambustus, &c.<br>Rome burnt by the Gauls in the 1st year of the 98th Olympiad. DION. HAL. 120 years from the first consuls.<br>Camillus recalled, and made dictator.<br>Dionysius besieges Rhegium. | 365  | 12                    | Iphicrates, the Athenian, succeeds Thrasybulus, and fights the Spartan fleet. Anaxibius defeated, and slain.                                     | 6                     |
| 27<br>98. 2.   | Camillus continued in office.<br><br>Dionysius takes Rhegium. DIOD. SIC.  | 366  | 13                    | Peace of Antalcidas in the 2d year of the 98th Olympiad. Asia given up to the Persians. Greece, &c. at liberty, but really under Sparta.         | 7                     |
| 28<br>98. 3.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Valerius Poplicola II. &c.   | 367  | 14                    | Sparta grows insolent on the peace.  | 8                     |
| 29<br>98. 4.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. T. Quintius Cincin. &c. 4 new tribes added; total 25.<br>Dionysius assists the Parians; who were founding the city of Pharos, in the Adriatic.  | 368  | 15                    | War with Mantinea, which is besieged by the Spartans the greater part of this year.  | 9                     |
| 30<br>99. 1.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Papirius Cursor, &c.<br>According to Diodorus, L. Valerius and A. Manlius were consuls this year.  | 369  | 16                    | The exiles restored at the city of Phlius. Mantinea submits to the Spartans. Aristotle born. DION. HAL.  | 10                    |
| 31<br>99. 2.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. M. Furius Camillus V. &c.<br>Dionysius wars with Carthage with various success; but at last is defeated, and makes an indifferent peace.  | 370  | 17                    | Embassadors heard against the Olynthians. Expedition against them resolved on. Eudamidas sent first, while his brother, Phœbidas, was to follow. | 11                    |
| 32<br>99. 3.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. A. Manl. Capitolin. II. Cornel. Cossus, dictator.<br>Diodorus Siculus differs from Livy this year.  | 371  | 18                    | Phœbidas seizes on the Cadmea at Thebes, on his march. Teleutias sent to Olynthus.   | 12                    |
| 33<br>99. 4.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. Ser. Cornel. Malugin. III. &c.  | 372  | 19                    | Teleutias slain. Agesipolis sent to command the Spartans. New troubles at Phlius, where Agesilaus commands.                                      | 13                    |



| Egyptian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.                                       | Era of Nabonassar.   | Egyptian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.   | A.C.                                |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| 6] A M Y N T A S.   | 360] ΑΡΤΑΞΕΡΞΕΟΥ <i>divr.</i> [17<br>Chabrias, the Athenian, sent to Cyprus, to assist Evagoras about this time.   | 2] A C O R I S.   | 388<br>Pyrrho, vel Pyrrho, Archon.  |
| 7]  | 361] Nov. 28. [18  | 3]  | 387<br>Theodotus, Arch.             |
| 8]  | 362] Artaxerxes, now at peace [19<br>with Greece, turns his arms against Evagoras, in Cyprus. Defeats him in a sea engagement. Tiribazus blocks up Salamis. Evagoras flies to Egypt. | 4] Acoris, king of Egypt, assists Evagoras with forces. The city of Tyre, and the king of Caria, Hecatomnus, do the same. | 386<br>Mysichides, Arch.            |
| 9]  | 363] Evagoras returns, and offers [20<br>peace to Tiribazus; but his terms are rejected. Tiribazus being removed, Orontes, the Persian, grants him peace.<br>Diod. Sic.              | 5]  | 385<br>Dexitheus, Arch.             |
| 10]<br><br>Olympiad 99th. Diotrepbes, archon;<br>Pronomus gains the prize in music. | 364] [21   | 6]  | 384<br>Diotrepbes, Arch.            |
| 11]   | 365] Nov. 27. [22  | 7]  | 383<br>Phanoftratus, Archon.        |
| 12]   | 366] [23   | 8] Jannæus, High Priest of Jerusalem, dies, having governed 32 years.<br>CHR. PASC.                                       | 382<br>Menander, vel Evander, Arch. |
| 13]   | 367] Jaddua, High Priest of Jerusalem, son of Jannæus, or John. [24  | 9]  | 381<br>Demophilus, Archon.          |



| J. P.           | Consular Table.   | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta | Transactions in Greece.  | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|-----------------|---|------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| 4334<br>100. 1. | Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Valer. Potitus IV. &c.   | 373  | 20                    | Phlius still attacked by Agefilaus. Agefi-<br>polis, of Sparta, dies at Olynthus.<br>Demosthenes born. DION. HAL.  | 14                    |
| 35<br>100. 2.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. Sp. Papirius<br>Crassus, L. Papirius, &c.   | 374  | 21                    | Polybiades, the Spartan, forces the Olynthi-<br>ans to submit; as Agefilaus does the Phliasi-<br>ans, who held out 1 year 8 months.<br>Sparta's power at its height.   | 1<br>Cleombrotus      |
| 36<br>100. 3.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. M. Furius Ca-<br>millus VII. &c.  | 375  | 22                    | Thebes revolts against Sparta, who still<br>holds the Cadmea, now besieged by the Bœo-<br>tians, and at last taken.  | 2                     |
| 37<br>100. 4.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Valerius<br>Potitus V. &c.<br>Quint. Cincinnatus, dictator.  | 376  | 23                    | All the states of Greece rise up against the<br>Lacedæmonians. Pharnabazus persuades A-<br>thens to recall Chabrias from Egypt. Iphi-<br>crates sent to assist the Persians. Chios, Rhodes,<br>Mitylene, and many other islands, with By-<br>zantium, are joined with Athens. Timotheus<br>takes Acarnania. The Thebans defeat the | 3                     |
| 38<br>101. 1.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. P. Manlius<br>Capitol. &c.  | 377  | 24                    | Spartans at Orchomenos.  | 4                     |
| 39<br>101. 2.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. Sp. Fur. Me-<br>dullinus, &c.   | 378  | 25                    | Timotheus reduces Corcyra, and defeats<br>Nicholochus the Spartan.<br>Araros, the son of Aristophanes, a comic<br>poet. SUID.  | 5                     |
| 40<br>101. 3.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Æmilius<br>Mamercinus, &c.<br>The tribunes of the people press on the elec-<br>tion of Plebeian consuls, and, according to Livy,<br>prevent any magistrates being elected.<br>Licinian law proposed. | 379  | 26                    | The power of Thebes raises the jealousy of<br>the other states of Greece.<br>Peace between Athens and Sparta; but im-<br>mediately broken.   | 6                     |
| 41<br>101. 4.   | According to Livy, no magistrates this<br>year, but the tribunes of the people. Diodo-<br>rus Siculus mentions military tribunes, L. Fu-<br>rius, &c.   | 380  | 27                    | The Spartans send Mnassippus to Corcyra,<br>who is defeated, and slain before Iphicrates ar-<br>rives with reinforcements from Athens. Pla-<br>tæa again destroyed by the Spartans.<br>PAUSAN.   | 7                     |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.   | Egyptian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.   | A.C.                       |
|--|--|---|----------------------------|
| 14] AMYNTAS.<br><br>N. B. Philoxenus, who gained the prize in dithyrambics, dies, æt. 60.  | 368] APTAΞEPΞOY <small>divt.</small> [25   | 10] ACORIS.   | 380<br>Pytheas, Arch.      |
| 15] Great plague at Carthage, on which the Africans and Sardinians revolt, but are reduced in a short time.                                      | 369] Nov. 26. [26<br>Darius, afterwards called Codomannus, born about this time [ARRIAN] the great grandson of Darius Nothus.  | 11]   | 379<br>Nicon, Arch.        |
| 16]  | 370] [27   | 12]   | 378<br>Naufinitus, Archon. |
| 17]<br><br>N. B. Anaxandrides gains the prize in comedy: Callias, archon.<br>PAR. CHR.   | 371] [28   | 13] The length of the reign of Acoris is uncertain, but scarcely more than 13 years.<br>PSAMMÜTHIS reigned one year.        | 377<br>Callias, Archon.    |
| 18] Chabrias, the Athenian, gains a great victory over Pollis, the Spartan. Agesilaus being sick, Cleombrotus takes the command of the Spartans. | 372] [29   | NEPHEROTES reigned 4 months; last of the Mendesian race.  | 376<br>Charianer, Arch.    |
| 19] Pyrrho, the philosopher, is said to have flourished in this Olympiad.<br>SUIDAS.   | 373] Nov. 25. [30  | 1] NECTANEBUS, the first of the Sebennyte race.   | 375<br>Hippodamus, Arch.   |
| 20] At this time Evagoras slain at Salamis. Nicocles king.<br>Diod. Sic. PHOTII Bib.   | 374] Pharnabazus commands [31<br>the Persians, and Iphicrates the mercenaries, against the Egyptians; but their attempts do not succeed. Iphicrates returns this year. | 2] Nectanebus defended his country bravely, till the overflowing of the Nile stopped the Persian army: probably about June. | 374<br>Socratides, Archon. |
| 21]<br>N. B. Astydamas gains the prize in tragedy. PAR. CHR.   | 375] [32   | 3]  | 373<br>Afeus, Archon.      |



| J. P.           | Confular Table.   | U. C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta            |
|-----------------|---|-------|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| 43+2<br>102. 1. | Livy has no magistrates this year.<br>Diodorus Siculus, 6 military tribunes. L.<br>and P. Valerius, &c.   | 381   | 28                    | The Spartans, and the rest of Greece, accept<br>the peace, except the Thebans, which makes<br>the Lacedæmonians march to Bœotia.  | 8                                |
| 43<br>102. 2.   | According to Livy, no magistrates but the<br>tribunes.<br>Diodorus Siculus mentions 8 military tri-<br>bunes.   | 382   | 29                    | The Thebans under Epaminondas beat the<br>Spartans at Leuctra. Cleombrotus, king of<br>Sparta, slain. Megalopolis founded, in Ar-<br>cadia.   | 9<br>Agefi-<br>polis<br>II.      |
| 44<br>102. 3.   | No magistrates, according to Livy.<br>Diodorus Siculus names 4 military tribunes<br>this year.  | 383   | 30                    | Jafon prevails in Thessaly. Epaminondas<br>draws many states into the Theban alliance.<br>Sedition at Argos. Arcadians change the<br>form of government. Jafon slain, and Agefi-<br>polis of Sparta dies. | 1<br>Agefi-<br>polis<br>II. dies |
| 45<br>102. 4.   | No magistrates this year, according to Livy.<br>Diodorus Siculus names however 6 military<br>tribunes; but elected late in the year.  | 384   | 31                    | Polydorus, brother of Jafon, slain. Alexan-<br>der of Pheræ succeeds. The Thebans invade<br>Sparta, who implore help from Athens. Epa-<br>minondas marches to the Eurotas: restores<br>Messene.           | 1<br>Cleom-<br>enes<br>II.       |
| 46<br>103. 1.   | Military tribunes this year, 6 elected. Q.<br>Servilius, M. Fabius II. &c.<br>Dionysius dies in Sicily; succeeded by his<br>son Dionysius.                                  | 385   | 32                    | Pelopidas taken in Thessaly, but relieved.<br>The Spartans defeat the Arcadians, who build<br>Megalopolis. 12 judges appointed to the<br>Olympic games, according to the tribes of<br>Elis.               | 2                                |
| 47<br>103. 2.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. L. Quint.<br>Capitol. Ser. Corn. Malugin VII. &c.<br>Dionysius the Second sends troops to Sparta.   | 386   | 33                    | Epaminondas marches into Peloponnesus;<br>draws many states into alliance. Aristotle<br>comes to Athens, and remains with Plato 20<br>years.  | 3                                |
| 48<br>103. 3.   | Camillus IV. dictator;—abdicates. M.<br>Manlius, dictator. No curule magistrates. 5<br>of the decemvirs, who took care of the Sybil's<br>books, elected from the Plebeians. | 387   | 34                    | The Athenians lose Oropus. The Coans<br>build a new city. Pelopidas, the Theban, sent<br>into Macedonia to settle the succession.   | 4                                |
| 49<br>103. 4.   | Military tribunes, 6 elected. A. Corn.<br>Cottus II. M. Corn. Maluginensis II. &c.<br>Camillus V. dictator.<br>One Plebeian consul chosen.                                  | 388   | 35                    | The Eleans and Arcadians war concerning<br>Triphylia. During this Olympiad, the Eleans<br>are greatly afflicted by the war, and the 12<br>tribes reduced to 8.  | 5                                |



| Macædonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.  | Egyptian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | A. C.                                       |
|--|---|--|---|
| <p>A M Y N T A S.</p> <p>22] Great earthquakes in Peloponnesus. Helice destroyed in the 4th year of the 101st Olympiad. PAUSAN.</p>  | <p>376] APTAΞEPΞOY <i>div.</i> [33<br/>Artaxerxes makes a general peace amongst all the Greek states, except the Thebans.</p> | <p>4] N E C T A N E B U S.</p>   | <p>372</p> <p>Alcibius,<br/>Archon.</p>     |
| <p>23]</p>   | <p>377] Nov. 24. [34</p>  | <p>5]</p>  | <p>371</p> <p>Phraclides,<br/>Archon.</p>   |
| <p>24] Amyntas of Macedon dies this year, having just made a league with Jason of Thessaly: reigned 24 years.</p>  | <p>378] [35</p>   | <p>6] N. B. Under this archon, Dycinetus, Stesichorus the younger gains the prize in poetry at Athens.<br/>PAR. CHR.</p> | <p>370</p> <p>Dycinetus,<br/>Archon.</p>    |
| <p>1] ASCANDER, son of Amyntas, succeeds to the throne of Macedon: reigns but one year, or a little more: slain by Ptolemy Alorites, the illegitimate son of Amyntas.</p>                      | <p>379] [36</p>   | <p>7]</p>  | <p>369</p> <p>Lyfistratus, Arch.</p>        |
| <p>1] Pausanias was a pretender to the crown, but driven out by Iphicrates, who set up Perdiccas; but he being soon expelled by PTOLEMY, Diodorus Siculus gives these years to the latter.</p> | <p>380] [37<br/>N. B. Megalopolis finished. Naufigenes, archon. DIOD.</p>   | <p>8]</p>  | <p>368</p> <p>Naufigenes, Arch.</p>         |
| <p>2]</p>  | <p>381] Nov. 23. [38</p>  | <p>9]</p>  | <p>367</p> <p>Polyzelus, Archon.</p>        |
| <p>3] Pelopidas adjudges the crown to Perdiccas. Philip sent hostage to Thebes.</p>  | <p>382] The king of Persia receives Pelopidas, as ambassador from Thebes. [39</p>   | <p>10]</p>   | <p>366</p> <p>Cephisodorus,<br/>Archon.</p> |
| <p>1] Ptolemy Alorites, king of Macedon, slain by PERDICCAS, who having held a small part of the kingdom before, now gains the whole.</p>  | <p>383] [40</p>   | <p>11]</p>   | <p>365</p> <p>Chion, Archon.</p>            |



| J. P.                       | Confular Table.   | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta                      | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|-----------------------------|---|------|--|---|-----------------------|
| 435 <sup>o</sup><br>104. 1. | L. Æmilius. L. Sextius, the first Plebeian consul.<br>Prætors and curule ædiles first appointed this year, both to be Patricians.                     | 389  | 36   | Epaminondas gives the Thebans a naval power. Pelopidas beats Alexander of Pheræ, but is slain. Eight judges only preside at the Olympic games.  | 6                     |
| 51<br>104. 2.               | L. Genucius, Q. Servilius.<br>Diodorus places these consuls the next year.  | 390  | 37   | Epaminondas marches into Peloponnesus; attacks Sparta in vain; gains the battle of Mantinea, but is slain.  | 7                     |
| 52<br>104. 3.               | C. Sulpicius Pæticus, C. Licin. Stolo.  | 391  | 38   | Agefilaus and the Spartans assist the states of Asia Minor and Egypt; but Agefilaus is the first to join Nectanebus, the son of Tachos.   | 8                     |
| 53<br>104. 4.               | L. Æmilius Mamerc. II. Cn. Genucius.<br>L. Manlius, dictator.<br>Plague at Rome.  | 392  | 39   | In the 4th year Alexander, of Pheræ, having plundered the Cyclades, attacks Peparethus, which is assisted by the Athenians, under Leosthenes; but that general is defeated by Alexander, condemned at Athens, and succeeded by Chares, who does no service to his country. DIOD. SIC. | 9                     |
| 54<br>105. 1.               | Q. Servil. Ahala II. L. Genucius II.<br>The people dispose of a military tribune's place this year, for the first time.                               | 393  | 40   |   | 10                    |
| 55<br>105. 2.               | C. Sulpicius, C. Licin. Calvus. Quint. Capitol. dictator.   | 394  | 41<br>Archidamus,<br>his son,<br>succeeds. | Agefilaus dies in his return out of Egypt; having reigned about 41 years.   | 11                    |
| 56<br>105. 3.               | M. Fabius, C. Postelins.<br>Q. Servil. Ahala, dictator.<br>Tauromenium, in Sicily, founded by Andromachus.<br>Dion collects forces against Dionysius. | 395  | 1  | This year the Amphictyons make their decree against the Phocians. A fierce and cruel war in Eubœa. The Social war begins. Chians, Rhodians, Coans, and Byzantians, desert from Athens.  | 12                    |
| 57<br>105. 4.               | M. Popillius Larnas, Cn. Manlius.<br>Dion chosen general by the Syracusans.<br>Defeats Dionysius; who demands peace.                                  | 396  | 2  | The Phocians, this summer, rise up in arms against the decree.<br>The Social war continues. Alexander, of Pheræ, slain.   | 13                    |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.  | Egyptian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | A. C.                           |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|
| 2] PERDICCAS.<br>N. B. The Pisæans and Arcadians<br>celebrate these Olympic games; not al-<br>lowed to be inrolled by the Eleans.  | 384] APTAEPEEOY δευτ. [41   | 12] NECTANEBUS.  | 364<br>Timocrates,<br>Archon.   |
| 3] Praxiteles and Euphranor flour-<br>ish at this time; and another painter<br>of the name of Cydias.  | 385] Nov. 22., [42<br>Democritus dies. DIOG. LAER.  | 13]<br><br>Nectanebus dies the beginning of this<br>year. Succeeded by TACHOS.   | 363<br>Chariclidæ,<br>Archon.   |
| 4] Jaddua, High Priest of Jerusa-<br>lem, dies, having governed 20 years.  | 386] Rebellion in Egypt, under [43<br>Tachos; Ariobarzanes, in Phrygia;<br>Maufohus, in Caria; and Datames, in<br>Cappadocia. D. OD. SIC.   | 1] Chabrias and Agesilaus make<br>war under Tachos. Tachos going into<br>Phœnicia, Egypt revolts to Nectane-<br>bus, his son.                                      | 362<br>Molon, Arch.             |
| 5] Onias, High Priest of Jerusa-<br>lem, in the place of Jaddua.<br>CHR. PASCH.  | 387] This revolt continues, with [44<br>various successs, to nearly the death of<br>Artaxerxes.<br>Datames was, in this space, taken<br>off by treachery.   | 2] Nectanebus persuades the army<br>to revolt. A competitor rises up against<br>Nectanebus, who, against the advice of<br>Agesilaus, neglects the affair too long. | 361<br>Nikophemus, Arch.        |
| 1] Perdikkas being slain in the war<br>with the Illyrians, PHILIP takes the<br>crown; he restores discipline, buys off<br>the Pæonian and Athenian invasions,<br>and makes Amphipolis a free city. | 388] The Egyptians having [45<br>deserted Tachos, he is reconciled to Ar-<br>taxerxes, and has the command against<br>Egypt.  | 3] About this time Agesilaus de-<br>feats the competitor, and settles Nec-<br>tanebus on the throne.   | 360<br>Callimedes, Arch.        |
| 2] Philip makes peace with Athens,<br>subdues Pæonia, and defeats the Illy-<br>rians.  | 389] Nov. 21. [46<br>Artaxerxes Mnemon died this year;<br>but his son, Ochus, concealed his death<br>10 months, to secure the throne.   | 4]   | 359<br>Euchartistus, Arch.      |
| 3] Philip takes Amphipolis, Pydna,<br>and Potidæa; seizes on Crenides, in<br>Thrace; changes the name to Philippi.   | 390] οχογ. [1<br>OCHUS establishes himself on the<br>throne, by the murder of almost all his<br>kindred.  | 5]   | 358<br>Cephalodotus,<br>Archon. |
| 4] The Thessalians, having slain<br>Alexander, of Pheræ, call in Philip to<br>expel the other tyrants; which he<br>effects.  | 391] Ochus, according to Justin, [2<br>makes war on the Cadusians about this<br>time; in which war Codomannus dis-<br>tinguished his courage in a single com-<br>bat.<br>We may, with great probability,<br>place this event later. | 6]   | 357<br>Agathocles, Arch.        |



| J. P.           | Consular Table.   | U.C. | Kings of Sparta | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings of Sparta |
|-----------------|---|------|-----------------|---|-----------------|
| 4358<br>106. 1. | C. Fabius, C. Plautius.<br>C. Sulpicius, dictator.<br>The lex Ambitus, against canvassing in elections, first passed.<br>Dionysius abandons Syracuse.                                   | 397  | 3               | Sparta makes an alliance with the Phocians. The Social war ends, to the disadvantage of Athens. Peace is made, and the islands are left free.                                 | 14              |
| 59<br>106. 2.   | C. Marcius, Cn. Manlius.  | 398  | 4               | The Sacred war commences. Philomelus, chosen general, seizes on the Temple of Delphi. Demosthenes, now 25, begins to be an orator. DION. HAL.                                 | 15              |
| 60<br>106. 3.   | M. Fab. Ambustus II. M. Popillius Lænas II.<br>C. Marcius Rutilus, the first Plebeian dictator, triumphs without the consent of the senate.<br>Dion slain in Sicily by the mercenaries. | 399  | 5               | Philomelus, the Phocian, seizes on the treasures at Delphi; defeats the Locri; is joined by the Spartans; but at last defeated and slain. Demosthenes's oration de Clazibus.  | 16              |
| 61<br>106. 4.   | C. Sulpicius Pæticus III. M. Valer. Poplicola.  | 400  | 6               | Onomarchus takes the command of the Phocians. After some success, he is slain in Thesfaly. Demosthenes's oration for the Megalopolitans. DION. HAL.                           | 17              |
| 62<br>107. 1.   | M. Fabius Ambustus III. T. Quintius; both Patricians.   | 401  | 7               | Phayllus succeeds Onomarchus; but dies soon after of a consumption. Phalæcus succeeds, but Mnaseas is the chief general, who is shortly slain. Demosthenes's first Philippic. | 18              |
| 63<br>107. 2.   | C. Sulpicius Pæticus IV. M. Valerius Popl. II. both Patricians.<br>T. Manlius, dictator.<br>The Syracusans take Rhegium, which held out for Dionysius.                                  | 402  | 8               | Demosthenes makes his oration in favour of the Rhodians, now held in subjection by Artemisia, queen of Caria.<br>N. B. Caria was at this time independent of Persia. DEMOST.  | 19              |
| 64<br>107. 3.   | P. Valerius Popl. III. C. Marcius Rutilus, a Plebeian.  | 403  | 9               |   | 20              |
| 65<br>107. 4.   | C. Sulpic. Pæticus V. T. Quint. Pennus.<br>C. Marcius Rutilus, the first Plebeian censor.<br>Fab. Ambustus, dictator.   | 404  | 10              | Demosthenes, this year, speaks three orations in favour of the Olynthians.  | 21              |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.  | Egyptian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | A.C.                                   |
|--|---|--|--|
| 5] PHILIP.<br>Philip subdues the Illyrians, Thracians, and Pæonians, before they were prepared.  | 392] ΩΧΟΥ. [3   | 7] NECTANEBUS.   | 356<br>Elpines, Arch.                  |
| 6] Alexander, the son of Philip, born the same day the Temple of Diana, at Ephesus, was burnt by Herostratus.  | 393] Nov. 20. [4<br>Mausolus, king of Caria, by favouring the Aristocracy at Rhodes and Cos, gains a sovereignty over both.   | 8]   | 355<br>Callistratus, Archon.           |
| 7] Leucon, the Bosporan king, dies in the 40th year of his reign, 3d of the 106th Olympiad. DIOD. SIC.   | 394] [5   | 9]   | 354<br>Diotimus, Arch.                 |
| 8] Philip, of Macedon, is defeated by Onomarchus and the Theffalians; but conquers them afterwards.  | 395] Mausolus, king of Caria, dies; [6<br>reigned 24 years. Artemisia succeeds. Clearchus, of Heraclea, slain.<br>Oration of Demosthenes against Timocrates. DION. HAL.         | 10] Pigres, the brother of Artemisia, was a poet, and wrote the Margites, ascribed to Homer. SUIDAS.   | 353<br>Eudemus, vel Theodorus, Archon. |
| 9] Philip delivers Theffaly from its tyrants; but, attempting to pass Thermopylæ to attack Phocis, is stopped by the Athenians.  | 396] [7   | 11]  | 352<br>Aristodemus, Arch.              |
| 10] Tennes, king of Sidon, revolts from Persia, assisted by Nectanebus; who sends Mentor, the Rhodian, with troops. The city is utterly destroyed by Ochus, and the prophecies against it fulfilled. | 397] Nov. 19. [8<br>Ochus, this year, relieves the Thebans with money, renews the war in Egypt, and recovers Cyprus and Phœnicia.<br>Artemisia dies in Caria. Idrieus succeeds. | 12] Tripolis, in Syria, is persuaded by Nectanebus to revolt from Persia; but that city, with Sidon and Phœnicia, are reduced. Mentor, the Sidonian general, revolts to Ochus. | 351<br>Theffalus, or Theellus, Archon. |
| 11] Rhodes recovers its liberty at Artemisia's death.  | 398] This year Nectanebus retires into Ethiopia. Ochus conquers all Egypt. Evagoras demands the kingdom of Cyprus, but is refused by Ochus.                                     | 13] Protagoras holds out Salamis, in Cyprus, against Evagoras. Nectanebus was the last Egyptian who reigned in Egypt.  | 350<br>Apollodorus, Arch.              |
| 12] Spartacus, the Bosporan, dies, having reigned 5 years.<br>Philip takes the Chalcidic territory.  | 399] Mentor, the Rhodian general, and governor of Asia Minor, under Ochus, reduces the whole country. Bagoas, the eunuch, an Egyptian by birth, governs the rest.               | Ochus destroys the Egyptian temples; carries off the sacred records, which are redeemed by Bagoas.<br>Pherendates left to govern Egypt.  | 349<br>Callimachus, Arch.              |



| J. P.           | Confular Table.   | U.C. | King of Sparta. | Transactions in Greece.  | Kings of Sparta |
|-----------------|---|------|-----------------|--|-----------------|
| 4366<br>108. 1. | M. Popill. Lænas, L. Corn. Scipio.<br>Ten judges appointed to preside at Olympia, which number was not encreased.   | 405  | 11              | Plato dies this year. Aristotle retires to Hermeas, tyrant of Atarnea.<br>Peace between Athens and Philip, which lasts above 7 years.  | 22              |
| 67<br>108. 2.   | L. Furius Camillus, App. Claud. Crassus; died in his office.<br>T. Manlius Torquatus, dictator.<br>Diodorus differs from Livy.  | 406  | 12              | The Phocians defeated by the Thebans, at Hyampolis, who are soon after defeated at Coronea, by the Phocians.<br>Demosthenes speaks his 6th Philippic.  | 23              |
| 68<br>108. 3.   | M. Valerius Corvus. M. Popillius Lænas IV.<br>The Syracusans send for aid to the Corinthians, who direct Timoleon to undertake their affairs.                           | 407  | 13              | The Amphictyons call in Philip. The Sacred war is ended. The Phocians very severely treated.<br>Demosthenes's oration on the Peace.  | 24              |
| 69<br>108. 4.   | T. Manlius Torquatus, C. Plautius.<br>Timoleon defeats Ictas, and by a stratagem takes possession of Syracuse in one part; Ictas has another, and Dionysius the island. | 408  | 14              | Aristotle leaves Atarnea, and retires to Mitylene. DION. HAL.  | 25              |
| 70<br>109. 1.   | M. Valer. Corvus II. C. Pœtelius.<br>Timoleon, with new forces, obliges Ictas to abandon his part of Syracuse.  | 409  | 15              | Demosthenes speaks his 7th Philippic. DION. HAL.   | 26              |
| 71<br>109. 2.   | M. Fabius Dorso, Serv. Sulpicius Camerinus.<br>Diodorus omits these consuls.<br>Timoleon forces Dionysius to abdicate, and settles the republic of Syracuse.            | 410  | 16              | Aristotle resides in Macedonia 8 years. DION. HAL.<br>Demosthenes's 8th Philippic. DION. HAL.  | 27              |
| 72<br>109. 3.   | C. Marcius Rutilus, T. Manlius Torquatus II.<br>Timoleon again defeats Ictas.   | 411  | 17              | Demosthenes speaks his 9th and 10th Philippics, DION. HAL. and defends Diopithes, who had attacked Philip during the peace.  | 28              |
| 73<br>109. 4.   | M. Valerius Corvus III. A. Cornelius Cossus.<br>War begun with the Samnites: they are victorious this year.<br>Census about this time, 160,000 fighting men. EUSEB.     | 412  | 18              | Demosthenes's 11th Philippic. Phocion, the Athenian, drives Clitarchus out of Eretria in Eubœa.<br>Chares, the Athenian, sent to assist the Perinthians; but for his profligacy is not received. | 29              |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.   | Era of Nabonassar.  | Contemporary Events.  | A. C.                                   |
|---|---|---|---|
| <p>PHILIP.</p> <p>13] Parysades, the Bosporan, succeeds Spartacus, reigns 38 years. Philip takes Olynthus this year, by treachery.</p>  | <p>400] ΩΧΟΥ. [11</p> <p>This eunuch retains an implacable hatred to Ochus, for the destruction of the Egyptian temples.</p>  | <p>Plato dies in his 81st year, in the month, Thargelion. DIOG. LAER. from Hermippus.</p> | <p>348</p> <p>Theophilus, Archon.</p>   |
| <p>14]</p>  | <p>401] Nov. 18. [12</p>  | <p>Speusippus succeeds to the school of Plato.</p>  | <p>347</p> <p>Themistocles, Archon.</p> |
| <p>15] Treaty between Rome and Carthage this year. The latter had Africa, Sardinia, and part of Sicily. Philip passes Thermopylæ, enters Phocis, and returns to Macedon victorious.</p> | <p>402] [13</p>   |   | <p>346</p> <p>Archias, Arch.</p>        |
| <p>16]</p>  | <p>403] [14</p>   |   | <p>345</p> <p>Eubulus, Archon.</p>      |
| <p>17]</p>  | <p>404] [15</p> <p>Idrieus, chief of Caria, dies, succeeded by Ada.</p>   |   | <p>344</p> <p>Lyciscus, Archon.</p>     |
| <p>18] Philip reduces Cerfobleptes, in Thrace, and forces him to pay tribute. Sends for Aristotle.</p>  | <p>405] Nov. 17. [16</p>  |   | <p>343</p> <p>Pythodotus, Arch.</p>     |
| <p>19] Arymbas, king of the Molossi, dying, Philip places Alexander, brother to Olympias, on the throne. Diopithes attacks Philip's dominions in Thrace.</p>                            | <p>406] [17</p>   |   | <p>342</p> <p>Sofigenes, Arch.</p>      |
| <p>20] Philip attacks Perinthus, and afterwards Byzantium.</p>  | <p>407] Ochus growing suspicious [18 of Philip, orders his generals to assist Perinthus. Pexodorus, prince of Caria, expels Ada. Onias, High Priest of Jerusalem, dies. PAR. CHR.</p> |   | <p>341</p> <p>Nicomachus, Archon.</p>   |



| J. P.           | Consular Table.   | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta                  | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|-----------------|---|------|--|---|-----------------------|
| 4374<br>110. 1. | C. Marcius Rutilus, Q. Servilius Ahala.<br>Valer. Corvus, dictator.<br>Timoleon defeats this year the Carthaginian forces in Sicily.  | 413  | 19                                     | Phocion sent with troops to assist the Perinthians; is received by the inhabitants, and repels Philip.<br>Demosthenes's 12th and last Philippic.    | 30                    |
| 75<br>110. 2.   | C. Plautius II. L. Æmilius.<br>Timoleon relieves the Sicilians; makes an advantageous peace with Carthage.  | 414  | 20                                     |   | 31                    |
| 76<br>110. 3.   | T. Manl. Torquatus III. P. Decius Mus.<br>The Latins revolt, but are defeated.<br>The Tarentines and Mellapians are attacked by the Spartans, whose king Archidamus is slain.       | 415  | I<br>First<br>Year<br>of A-<br>gis II. | Athens and Thebes unite against Philip, but are totally defeated. Isocrates dies, aged 98.  | 32                    |
| 77<br>110. 4.   | T. Æmilius, Q. Publilius Philo.<br>This last, a Plebeian, dictator.<br>From this time the plebiscita extend to Senators. One of the censors a Plebeian.<br>Timoleon dies in Sicily. | 416  | 2                                      | Philip settles the states of Greece, and a general assembly is convened.  | 33                    |
| 78<br>111. 1.   | L. Furius Camillus, C. Mænius.<br>The Latins now reduced, but treated mildly.   | 417  | 3                                      | All Greece in motion, on the death of Philip. Thebes revolts, on a report of Alexander's death. Demosthenes stirs up the Athenians.                 | 34<br>Arcus.          |
| 79<br>111. 2.   | C. Sulpic. Longus, P. Ælius Pætus.<br>Publilius Philo, the first Plebeian prætor.<br>Claud. Crassus, dictator.<br>In Diodorus, the 2d consul, called L. Papirius.                   | 418  | 4                                      | The Greek states all submit to Alexander; Athens and the rest are pardoned.<br>Aristotle returns to Athens, and teaches in the Lyceum 12 years.     | 1                     |
| 80<br>111. 3.   | L. Papirius Crassus, Cæso Duilius.<br>Philemon of Syracuse, a writer of the new comedy, flourishes about this time. SUIDAS.   | 419  | 5                                      | Lysippus brings statuary to perfection, as Apelles does painting, about this time.  | 2                     |
| 81<br>111. 4.   | M. Valerius Corvus IV. M. Atilius Regulus.<br>L. Æmilius Mamercinus, dictator.  | 420  | 6                                      | Agis, King of Sparta, joins with Pharnabazus and Autophardates, to raise troubles in Greece, but their designs are defeated by the battle of Issus. | 3                     |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.  | Era of Nabonassar.   | Contemporary Events.  | A. C.                                       |
|--|--|---|---|
| <b>P H I L I P.</b><br>21] Philip obliged to raise the sieges of Perinthus and Byzantium.  | 408] ΩΧΥ. [19<br>Eleazar High Priest of Jerusalem.   |   | 340<br>Theophrastus,<br>Archon.             |
| 22] Philip endeavours, about this time, to unite with the Thebans to attack Attica, or to suffer him to pass.<br>DION. HAL.  | 409] Nov. 16. [20  |   | 339<br>Lyfimachides,<br>Archon.             |
| 23] Philip enters Greece, under pretence of a Sacred war; seizes on Elatea; subdues the Thebans and Athenians, at Chæronea.  | 410] [21   |   | 338<br>Chæronidas,<br>Archon.               |
| 24] Philip appointed generalissimo of the Grecian states, against Persia.  | 411] ΑΡΩΓΟΥ. [1<br>Ochus, the beginning of this year, poisoned by Bagoas the eunuch. ARSES succeeds. Ariobarzanes dies, succeeded by Mithridates.  |   | 337<br>Phrynicius, Arch.                    |
| 25] Philip prepares for the Persian war; sends Parmenio into Asia; but is slain by conspiracy. ALEXANDER succeeds, 20 years old. Marches to the Ister; conquers the Thracians and Illyrians. | 412] Arses being a child, Bagoas [2<br>governs the empire.   |   | 336<br>Pythodemus, vel<br>Pythodorus, Arch. |
| 1] Alexander marches hastily into Greece, destroys Thebes, and is appointed commander against the Persians.  | 413] ΔΑΡΕΙΟΥ τρι. [1<br>Nov. 15.<br>Bagoas poisons Arses, and sets up DARIUS. According to Diodorus, Arses had begun his 3d year. Darius puts Bagoas to death.                           |   | 335<br>Exænetus, Arch.                      |
| 2] Alexander early crosses the Hellespont; gains the battle at the Granicus; takes in the coast of Asia Minor; winters in that country.  | 414] Memnon appointed general [2<br>by Darius; he is sent into Phrygia; but his advice of procrastinating the war is rejected by Darius's officers. Ada restored to Caria, by Alexander. |   | 334<br>Ctesicles, Archon.                   |
| 3] Alexander marches into Cilicia; takes Tarsus; gains the battle of Issus in October; drives Darius beyond the Euphrates.   | 415] Memnon sent with a fleet, [3<br>takes in Chios, and part of Lesbos, but dies at the siege of Mitylene. Charidemus slain by Darius's order, the last able man in his service.        | Amyntas, flying from Issus, where he had fought for Darius, endeavours to gain a footing in Egypt, but is slain soon after. | 333<br>Nicocrates, Arch.                    |



| J. P.           | Consular Table.  | U.C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta | Transactions in Greece.  | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|-----------------|--|------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| 4382<br>112. 1. | T. Veturius, Sp. Postumius. Cornel. Rufinus, dictator.<br>Alexander, king of Epirus, makes a treaty with Rome.                             | 421  | 7                     | Philippides, an Athenian writer of the new comedy, flourished in this Olympiad. SUID.  | 4                     |
| 83<br>112. 2.   | A. Cornelius II. Cn. Domitius, not elected till late this year.  | 422  | 8                     | Dracon, a celebrated physician, the 5th descent from Hippocrates, flourishes. SUIDAS.  | 5                     |
| 84<br>112. 3.   | M. Claud. Marcellus, C. Valerius.<br>Many put to death, on suspicion of poisoning, this year. Cn. Quintilius, dictator.                    | 423  | 9<br>Eudamidas.       | The Greeks, hearing of the battle of Arbela, revolt, under Agis, but are totally defeated by Antipater, and Agis slain, having reigned 9 years, says DION. SIC.    | 6                     |
| 85<br>112. 4.   | L. Papirius Crassus II. L. Plautius Venno.<br>According to Livy, the Romans had now 250,000 effective men, and maintained 10 legions.      | 424  | 1                     | Eudamidas, a younger brother of Agis, succeeds to the throne of Sparta. PAUSAN.  | 7                     |
| 86<br>113. 1.   | L. Æmilius Mamercinus, C. Plautius.  | 425  | 2                     | Great tumults in Greece, supported and encouraged by the Persians. Harpalus, governor of Babylonia, conscious of misconduct, flies with his treasures into Greece. | 8                     |
| 87<br>113. 2.   | P. Plautius Proculus, P. Cornelius Scapula.  | 426  | 3                     | Harpalus is driven from Athens. Demosthenes, who favoured him, banished.   | 9                     |
| 88<br>113. 3.   | L. Cornelius Lentulus, Q. Publilius Philo II.  | 427  | 4                     | The mercenary Greeks, who served the Persian satraps, being dismissed by Alexander's order, ravage Asia first, and then pass over into Europe.                     | 10                    |
| 89<br>113. 4.   | C. Pœtelius II. L. Papirius Mugillanus.<br>Publius continues in office by the name of Proconsul, and triumphs when his office was expired. | 428  | 5                     | Alexander, king of Epirus, making war in Italy, is slain by an exile of Lucania. LIVY.   | 11                    |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events.   | Era of Nabonassar.   | Contemporary Events.  | A.C.                                    |
|---|--|---|---|
| ALEXANDER.<br>4] Alexander reduces Syria. Tyre holds out a long siege; taken in July. Gaza reduced soon after. He then marches towards Egypt.   | 416] ΔΑΡΕΙΟΥ ἔτος. [4<br>The prosperity and destruction of Tyre are described in Zechariah, ch. ix. ver. 3, 4. Azelmic, king of Tyre, at this time.                    | Strato, king of Sidon, deposed by Alexander. Ballonymus elected. N. B. New Tyre had subsisted 240 years.                | 332<br>Nicetes, Arch.                   |
| 5] All Egypt submits to Alexander; who founds Alexandria; visits the oracle of Hammon; returns to the East; gains the battle of Arbela about November; takes possession of Babylon.   | 417] ΕΛΛΗΝΩΝ ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΣ. [1<br>ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟΥ τῷ ΜΑΚΕΔΟΝΟΣ.<br>Nov. 14.<br>Darius, being totally routed at Arbela, flies into Media.   | Alexander endeavours to restore the city of Tyre, saves Azelmic, and sets him on the throne.                            | 331<br>Aristophanes, Archon.            |
| 6] Alexander passes the Pasitigris; conquers the Uxians; then takes Susa; burns Persepolis; reduces Media, and pursues Bessus.  | 418] Darius purposed laying waste the country, and flying into Bactria; but is seized by Bessus, and at last murdered, about June this year; being about 50 years old. | Demosthenes's oration de Coronâ, under this archon.<br>Calippus forms his period of 76 years; probably near the winter. | 330<br>Aristophan, Archon.              |
| 7] Bessus having seized on Bactriana, Alexander, now acknowledged king of Persia and Media, conquers Hyrcania and the Mardi; takes Drangina; assumes now the manners of the Persians. Philotas executed with his father, Parmenio, being suspected of a conspiracy.   | 419] [3  |   | 329<br>Cephalophon, Arch.               |
| 8] Alexander subdues Paropamisus; passes Caucasus; founds Alexandria near the mountains, and other towns; marches into Bactriana. Bessus is delivered up to him, who is executed. He then marches to the Indus, and crosses it. Mophis, called also Taxiles, submits to him.                                  | 420] [4  |   | 328<br>Euthycritus, Arch.               |
| 9] Alexander marches against Porus, king over part of India; defeats him in April, takes him prisoner, but treats him kindly; sails down the Indus to the Ocean; sends Nearchus to pursue the discoveries; founds another Alexandria. Marries Statira, daughter of Darius. Receives new supplies from Greece. | 421] Nov. 13. [5   |   | 327<br>Hegemon, Archon.                 |
| 10] Alexander chooses a guard of a thousand Persians; marches towards Media, through Celonæ and Bagistame; stays some time at Ecbatana, where Hephæstion dies. Alexander subdues the Colæi in 40 days.  | 422] [6<br>Eleazar, High Priest of Jerusalem, dies.  |   | 326<br>Chremes, vel Aristicles, Archon. |
| 11]   | 423] [7<br>Alexander enters Babylon, where he resides this year, contrary to the advice of the Persians.<br>Simon the Just, High Priest at Jerusalem.                  |   | 325<br>Sicles, Arch.                    |



| J. P.           | Consular Table.  | U. C. | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta | Transactions in Greece.   | Kings<br>of<br>Sparta |
|-----------------|--|-------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 4390<br>114. 1. | L. Furius Camillus, D. Jun. Brutus. L. Papirius, dictator.<br>These consuls placed by Diodorus one year later, like the preceding. | 429   | 6                     | Diogenes, the Cynic, dies, in the 113th Olympiad. SUIDAS.<br>After Alexander's death, Aristotle retires to Chalcis, and dies in his 63d year.<br>DION. HAL. | 12                    |
| 91<br>114. 2.   | C. Sulpicius Longus, Q. Aulius Cerretanus.   | 430   | 7                     |   | 13                    |



| Macedonian Kings<br>and<br>Contemporary Events. | Era of Nabonassar.   | Contemporary Events. | A. C.                           |
|---|--|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 12] ALEXANDER.                                  | <p>ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟΥ τῷ ΜΑΚΕΔΟΝΟΣ.</p> <p>424] Alexander receives embas- [8<br/>sadors from Greece, Africa, Carthage,<br/>and the Asiatic nations.</p> <p>Hephæstion is magnificently bu-<br/>ried, and enrolled with the gods.</p> |                      | 324<br>Hegias, Arch.            |
| 13]   | <p>Nov. 12.</p> <p>Alexander dies this year at a feast,<br/>aged 32 years 8 months; having<br/>reigned 12 years 8 months. His death<br/>was during the archonship of Hege-<br/>sas. ARRIAN.</p>                              |                      | 323<br>Cephiſodorus,<br>Archon. |

F I N I S.





# ERRATA in the TABLES.

Page 1. for *Balcazar* read *Baleazar*.  
— 7. for *Jabrimon* read *Tabrimon*.  
— 97. for *Miletian* read passim *Milefian*.  
— for *Herinna* read *Erinna*.